Gazette of the United States, and Philadelphia Daily Advertiser.

By JOHN FENNO, No. 119 Chesnut Street.

NUMBER 1557] PHILADELPHIA: TUESDAY EVENING, SEPTEMBER 5, 1797. [VOLUME XII.

SALES BY AUCTION.

Stated Sales
For DRY GOODS.

Monday { Forenoon—Edward Fox, No. 56, south Front-ſtreet, / Afternoon—Footman & Co. No. 65 South Front-ſtreet.

Tueſday { Forenoon—John Connelly, Old City Auction, No. 73 ſouth Front-ſtreet. / Afternoon—William Shannon, No. 183 High-ſtreet.

Wedneſday { Afternoon—Peter Benſon, No. 74 ſouth Third-ſtreet.

Thurſday { Forenoon—Edward Fox. / Afternoon—John Connelly.

Friday { Forenoon—William Shannon. / Afternoon—John Connelly.

Saturday Afternoon—Peter Benſon.

UNITED STATES, Pennſylvania Diſtrict. } ſſ.

IN purſuance of a writ to me directed from the honorable Richard Peters, Eſq. Judge of the Diſtrict Court of the United States in and for the Pennſylvania Diſtrict, will be expoſed to Public Sale, at the Merchants' Coffee-houſe, in the city of Philadelphia, on MONDAY, the eleventh day of September next, at 12 o'clock at noon,

The Brigantine, called the

MARIA,

With all and ſingular the tackle, apparel and furniture as they now are; the ſaid Brigantine having been condemned to pay Mariners wages, &c.

WM. NICHOLS, *Marſhal.*

Marſhal's Office, Auguſt 29, 1797.

N. B. The Inventory may be ſeen at my Office

For HAMBURGH,

THE Copper Bottomed Ship FAVORITE, JOHN THOMPSON, Maſter, now at Bright's wharf, and will be ready to take in on Monday next, part of her cargo being engaged and ready to go on board. The ſhip is ſo well known, that it is needleſs to deſcribe her. She is now in compleat order. For Freight or Paſſage, pleaſe to apply at Mr. Jeremiah Warder's Compting Houſe, No. 12, North Third ſtreet, or to the Maſter on bord.

Auguſt 30.

For SALE,

On board the ſaid Ship, Swediſh Iron, aſſorted Hollow and Window Glaſs, Demyjohns, Wrapping Paper for Sugar Refiners, Rugs of 1 & 2 Quality. Pleaſe to apply as above.

wf&m4w

White Havanna Sugar.

140 boxes } of very ſuperior quality now diſcharg-
70 hhds. } ing from the ſhip Hamburgh Packet, at Walnut Street wharf—and for ſale by

Philip Nicklin & Co.

N. B.

THE SHIP

Hamburg Packet,

SILAS SWAIN, Maſter,

For Sale, or Charter.

Aug. 24. eotf

COMMISSIONERS' SALES,

THE Commiſſioners of the counties of Lycoming and Northumberland, have given notice that they intend to proceed to the ſale of lands, for the arrearage of taxes, on the 7th of September next.

☞ The different printers in this city will render an eſſential ſervice to a great number of individuals by publiſhing this notice.

Aug. 18.

FOR SALE,

BRETAGNES in caſes
German Checks in do.
Cambrick
Plattillas
Oznabrigs
Gold and ſilver Watches
Window Glaſs 10 by 8
Glaſs Tumblers in caſes
Linſeed Oil in caſks, &c. &c.

George Pennock,
103, *High-Street.*

July 5. 3aw

NOTICE.

IF THEDY O'HARA, who ſome years ſince kept School at the Nine Bridges, Queen's County, Eaſtern Shore, Maryland, be living, he is hereby reminded to call on, or write to, the Rev. Ambroſe Marſhal, near Warwick, Cecil County, Eaſtern Shore, Maryland, from whom he will receive intereſting information.

Auguſt 4. mw&f4w

THE SUBSCRIBERS,

ASSIGNEES OF JAMES GREENLEAF,

HEREBY give notice, that they have diſpoſed of the property aſſigned to them for the ſecuring the payment of the notes, acceptances, and endorſements given by Edward Fox, for the uſe of the ſaid James Greenleaf; and the holders of ſuch notes, acceptances, and endorſements, are hereby notifyed that the ſubſcribers will ſettle with them for the amount of their reſpective claims, both PRINCIPAL and INTEREST, at any time before the 20th day of October next; after which day, the holders not applying, will be excluded, agreeably to the terms of aſſignment.

Applications to be made at ſouth-eaſt corner of Dock and Second ſtreets (the Dock-ſtreet ſide), between the hours of eleven and one o' clock every day, Sundays excepted.

Henry Pratt,
Tho. W. Francis,
John Miller, Jun.
John Aſhley,
Jacob Baker.

Philadelphia, Auguſt 18, 1797. d

The Inhabitants of the Diſtrict of Southwark,

ARE informed that a Coachee is provided, to be kept at the Conſtables' office, the north eaſt corner of Front and Almond ſtreets, where the friends of thoſe ſick perſons who deſire to be removed to the City Hoſpital, are requeſted to make application—Alſo, a Hearſe will be kept in readineſs for the removal of the dead.

JONATHAN PENROSE.

N. B.—The Poor, who wiſh to remove to the Tents on Schuylkill, may be furniſhed with orders by applying as above. *Aug.* 29

BLOOMSBURY.

To be Sold at PUBLIC SALE,

ON Friday, the eighth day of September inſt. between the hours of twelve and five o'clock in the afternoon, at the houſe of WM. HAY, inkeeper, in Trenton, in the State of New-Jerſey, that elegant ſeat called BLOOMSBURY, the ſeat of the late JOHN COX, Eſq. deceaſed, with the appurtenances; containing 400 acres of Land, with a ſuitable proportion of arable, meadow, and wood land. The principal manſion houſe is within a half a mile of Trenton, and on the river Delaware. The ſituation and improvement of this eſtate is ſuch as to be worthy the attention of any gentleman wiſhing to retire from the city.—The terms will be made eaſy, as a great part of the purchaſe money may remain in the hands of the purchaſer for a liberal term of credit, on giving ſatisfactory ſecurity. Attendance will be given on behalf of the ſubſcribers, who can make an indiſputable title for the premiſes.

Eſther Cox,
John Stevens,
Matthias Barton.

September 2. dt7th

Excellent Bourdeaux Brandy

Ditto ditto Claret in caſes
Juſt received, and for Sale by

Rundle & Leech.

Aug. 21. 2awtf

To be SOLD or RENTED,

A LARGE 3 Story Brick Houſe, on the South ſide of Filbert ſtreet, between Eighth and Ninth, lately occupied as the Surveyor General's Office.

The Building is 36 feet front and 35 feet deep, the lot 176 feet deep, with the privilege of a nine feet wide Alley extending the whole length of the lot, to a thirty feet wide Court for Carriages to turn in. The Houſe is not plaſtered, and may be turned either into one, or two dwelling Houſes. It is ſuitable for a large Manufactory, or would make a good Tavern. Immediate poſſeſſion will be given,

Apply to No. 111, Cheſnut-Street.

Aug. 21. cod4t.

TO BE SOLD VERY CHEAP!

A Light WAGGGN almoſt new, with a frame—and a pair of harneſs (Engliſh collars) has never been uſed—price 90 Dolls.

A Horſe 16 hands high, ſeven years old—and a new chair, with a falling top and harneſs—320.

Enquire No. 331, Market-ſtreet.

Auguſt 24. d1w

This Day Publiſhed,

And to be ſold by WILLIAM YOUNG, corner of Second and Cheſnut ſtreets,

Price 3-8ths of a Dollar,

Obſervations on certain Documents

Contained in No. V and VI of

"The Hiſtory of the United States for the year 1796,"

In which the CHARGE OF SPECULATION againſt

ALEXANDER HAMILTON,

Late SECRETARY of the TREASUR, is FULLY REFUTED.

WRITTEN BY HIMSELF.

This publication preſents a conciſe ſtatement of the baſe means practiſed by the Jacobins of the United States to aſperſe the characters of thoſe perſons who are conſidered as hoſtile to their diſorganizing ſchemes. It alſo contains the correſpondence between Mr. Hamilton and Meſſrs. Monroe, Muhlenburgh and Venable, on the ſubject of the documents aforeſaid, and a ſeries of letters from James Reynolds and his wife to Mr. Hamilton, proving beyond the poſſibility of a doubt, that the connection between him and Reynolds, was the reſult of a daring conſpiracy on the part of the latter and his aſſociates to extort money.

☞ A diſcount of one third from the retail price will be made in favor of wholeſale purchaſers, for CASH. Orders to be addreſſed to Mr. YOUNG.

Auguſt 25.

The Norfolk Mail STAGE.

THIS Stage ſtarts from the GEORGE Tavern, at the corner of Second and Arch Streets, in Philadelphia, every *Tueſday*, *Thurſday*, and *Saturday*, at 3 o'clock, in the morning; arrives at Dover the firſt day, at Snowhill the ſecond day, at Northampton Court Houſe the third day, and on the morning of the fourth day the paſſengers find a ſafe and comfortable packet to convey them to Norfolk.

A packet leaves Norfolk for Northampton ferry, every Tueſday, Thurſday and Saturday, and the Stage ſtarts from this ferry for Philadelphia, every Monday, Wedneſday and Friday; puts up at Snow Hill the firſt night, at Dover the 2d night, and arrives in Philadelphia in the evening of the third day.

The diſtance on this route, between Philadelphia and Norfolk, is 30 miles leſs than on any ſtage route between thoſe places.

Too much cannot be ſaid in favor of the road, which is moſt excellent indeed. The proprietors willingly engage to return the whole fare to any paſſenger, who, after having performed this route, will ſay that he ever travelled in a ſtage for the ſame diſtance, ſo good a road in America.

Auguſt 11. d1m. eotf.

Young Hyſon Tea.

40 cheſts of a ſuperior quality—Alſo,
100 do. of Hyſon,

Imported in the *Woodrop Sims*, and for ſale by the ſubſcribers, corner of Second and Pine ſtreet.

C. Haight.

June 21. eotf

Imported in the ſhip Pigou,

And for ſale by John Morton, No. 116, South Front-ſtreet,

Hyſon
Hyſon Skin
Young Hyſon } TEAS
Imperial

April 20. eotf

Chocolate and Muſtard

Manufactured as uſual,
Ginger and Pepper ground
Shelled or Pearl Barley
Philadelphia Porter, Beer, Ale and Cyder
London Porter
Taunton and Burton Ale
Red Port and other Wines, either bottled, or by the pipe, quarter-caſk or gallon—ſuitable for exportation or home conſumption—

For Sale by

John Haworth.

No. 98 ſouth Front ſtreet

MRS. GRATTAN

INFORMS her friends, and the public in general, that her houſe, No. 192, Market-ſtreet, will continue open during the ſickneſs.

Board and Lodging in a ſeparate room, TEN DOLLARS, in a double room, EIGHT DOLLARS.

For the convenience of thoſe gentlemen who have not their families in town, Mrs. GRATTAN will receive gentlemen to dine at HALF A DOLLAR a day.

Auguſt 20.—6t

TO BE SOLD,

And poſſeſſion given immediately,

A LARGE two ſtory brick Houſe, handſomely ſituated in Princeton. There are four rooms and a large entry on each floor, and five rooms in the garret, a range of back buildings 51 feet in length, and a piazza of 57 feet. There is a pump in the yard, an excellent kitchen garden, at the farther end of which are a carriage houſe and two ſtables, one of which is new, 44 feet long, with ſtalls in the two ſtables for 27 horſes. The healthineſs and pleaſantneſs of its ſituation, and the number of genteel and agreeable families in and near the town, render it a deſirable retreeat for a gentleman from the city. The commodiouſneſs of the houſe, its central poſition, and the largeneſs of the ſtables, make it every ſuitable for a tavern, for which it has always been conſidered as a capital ſtand. Inquire on the premiſes, of

ISAAC SNOWDEN, JUN.

Princeton, Aug. 25 29—d1w2aw6w

COUGHS, COLDS, ASTHMAS, and CONSUMPTIONS.

Juſt received, by WM. GRIFFITHS, No. 177, South Second-ſtreet, a freſh ſupply of

Genuine Balſam of Honey,

A Medicine invented by the late Sir John Hill (who knowledge as a Botaniſt procured him the appellation of the Linnæus of Britain) and is conſidered in England as a *certain cure* for the above complaints; it is alſo of ſingular efficacy in the Hooping Cough,

It may alſo be had retail of W. A. STOKES, No. 61, South Second ſtreet, and T. STIFF, 55, New-ſtreet, in bottles at 75 cents each.

WM. GRIFFITHS having obſerved the happy effect of the medicine, (ſeveral caſes of cures having come within his own knowledge) and the great demand for it has induced him to order a large ſupply, a part of which he has juſt received.

Auguſt 3. 1aw3w

A Cook wanted.

A WOMAN who underſtands the buſineſs and can bring good recommendations, may find employ and receive generous wages by applying at No. 67, north Seventh-ſtreet.

Auguſt 15. *3t

Wanted to purchaſe,

A pair of ſtout, well broke Horſes, young and ſound. Enquire at Mr. Oellers' Hotel, Cheſnut-ſtreet.

Application muſt be made immediately.

Auguſt 12 *3t

Inſurance Company of North America.

THE Stockholders in this company are hereby informed, that, purſuant to the fifth clauſe of their Charter, and at the requeſt of a "Number of Stockholders, who, together, are proprietors of Six Thouſand Shares, and upwards," a general meeting of the Stockholders will be held at the Company's Office, on Monday the 25th day of September next, at 11 o'clock, A. M. for the purpoſe of filling up a vacancy in their Direction; and taking into conſideration ſuch Regulations or Bye Laws as may be preſented in conformity with the Charter of Incorporation.

EBEN. HAZARD, Sec'ry.

July 20. w&ſtS25

The Partnerſhip,

UNDER the firm of FREEMAN & Company, is diſſolved by mutual conſent. All perſons having any demands againſt the ſaid Houſe are deſired to render the ſame to T. B. Freeman; and thoſe indebted to the Houſe are deſired to make payment to him—By whom buſineſs will in future be carried on, at his Store, No. 39, South Front-ſtreet.

Auguſt 7 eod4w

PETER BORGER,

INFORMS his friends and the public in general that he has removed from No. 129, corner of Arch and Fourth, to No. 105 North Front, between Arch and Race ſtreets.

July 2[illegible]. 2aw4w

Roſs & Simſon,

—HAVE FOR SALE—

Excellent Coffee in { Hogſheads, / Tierces, and / Barrels.

A ſmall parcel of nice cocoa in bags
A few puncheons Jamaica ſpirits, fourth proof
Superior Teneriffee wine, old and in Madeira pipes
An invoice of jewellery and hoſiery to be ſold by the package
A few hampers beſt Engliſh cheeſe.

July 27. dtf.

WINDOW GLASS,

Of Superior Quality, and cheaper than any other in the City—

OF VARIOUS SIZES,

From 8 by 6 to 19 by 14,

By the ſingle Box or Quantity, may be had at the Store of the Subſcribers, corner of Arch and Front-ſtreet.

James C. & Samuel W. Fiſher.

Philadelphia, June 9, 1797. 41wmwſtf

This Day is Publiſhed,

BY Meſſ. Dobſon, Carey, Campbell, Rice, and the other Booksellers,

Price One Dollar and twenty-five cents.

Elegantly printed on Wove paper, and Hot-preſſed,

By John Thompſon,

A COMPARATIVE VIEW OF

The Conſtitutions

Of the ſeveral States with each other, and with that of the United States: exhibiting in Tables, the prominent features of each Conſtitution, and claſſing together their moſt important proviſions, under the ſeveral heads of adminiſtration; with Notes and Obſervations.

By WILLIAM SMITH,

Of South-Carolina,

L. L. D. and member of the Congreſs of the United States.

Dedicated to the People of the United States.

N. B. A few Copies printed on an inferior paper, at 3-4ths of a dollar.

February 6 mwf

Imported in the ſhip MANCHESTER,

BENJAMIN SHEWELL, Maſter,

From Bourdeaux, and for ſale by the ſubſcriber, No. 11 Walnut Street.

Bonrdeaux Brandy
Iriſh market claret in caſes } Entitled to
Medoc wine, in do. } Drawback.
Sauterne, do. do.

Thomas Murgatroyd.

WHO HAS FOR SALE.

Sherry Wine in pipes and quarter caſks
Rota do. do.
Pimento in bags
4000 buſhels Liverpool ſalt.

Aug. 24. tut&stf.

A PERSON OF INGENUITY, lately arrived from Europe, wiſhes to find here a place in the quality of a Director of a Glaſs-houſe, Chryſtal of all kinds, having particular means for the conſtruction of the kilns, pots, &c. and poſſeſſing likewiſe the articles uſed in the Glaſs houſes of England and France, having worked a long while in moſt of them. Every exertion will be made to render the manufactory deſerving of public approbation—He, who wiſhes to ſpeak to him, will find him at No. 275 Front-ſtreet.

Auguſt 24. *4t

For ſale or to be let on ground-rent,

A valuable Lot of Ground;

SITUATE on the north-eaſt corner of Walnut and Fifth ſtreets, fronting the State-Houſe ſquare. This lot is fifty-one feet front on Walnut ſtreet, and one hundred and thirteen feet and an half on Fifth ſtreet; there are at preſent two ſmall two ſtory brick houſes, and a number of ſmall tenements thereon.

Alſo, for Sale,

Two three ſtory Brick Houſes

With convenient ſtores, wharf, &c. ſituate on Water-ſtreet, between Mulberry and Saſſafras ſtreets, containing in front on Water ſtreet fifty-four feet, and continuing that breadth eaſtward ninety-five feet, then widening to the ſouth thirteen feet ſix inches. Theſe houſes have the convenience of a public alley adjoining on the north ſide, and are a very deſirable ſituation for a merchant, flour factor, or others who may have occaſion for ſtorage of goods. This property will be ſold on very reaſonable terms for caſh. For further information apply to the printer.

July 31. m&wtf

The Subſcriber has for Sale,

A large aſſortment of India Muſlins,

coarſe and fine
India Calicoes
Sooty Romalls
Blue Cloths and Checks
Bandanna Handkerchiefs
Blue red and Gilli Handkerchiefs
An invoice of Iriſh Linens and Sheetings, well aſſorted
A box of Diapers
Silk Umbrellas
Two boxes of fine Spices, cotaining Nutmegs, Mace and Cloves
Black Pepper of firſt quality
Eaſt India Ginger
Java Sugar
A quantity of Madeira Wine
Ditto of Gin
Roll Brimſtone

Mordecai Lewis.

Auguſt 12. 3awim

Cedar Shingles.

THE ſubſcriber has a quantity of 3 feet Cedar Shingles of a ſuperior quality, for ſale at 13 dollars per thouſand.

William Hallowell,
No. 193 North Third-ſtreet.

July 27. eo1st

DUTY ON CARRIAGES.

Notice is hereby Given,

THAT agreeably to an act of Congreſs of the United States of America, paſſed at Philadelphia, the 28th day of May, 1796; laying duties on Carriages, for the conveyance of perſons, which ſhall be kept by or for any perſon, for his or her own uſe, or to let out to hire, or for the conveyance of paſſengers, the ſeveral duties and rates following, to wit:

For and upon every Coach, 15 dols.
upon every Chariot, 12 dols.
upon every Poſt Chariot, 12 dols.
upon every Poſt Chaiſe, 12 dols.
upon every Phaeton, with or without top, 9 dols.
upon every Coachee, 9 dols.
upon other Carriages, having pannel work above, with blinds, glaſſes or curtains, 9 dols.
upon four wheeled Carriages, having framed poſts and tops with ſteel ſprings, 6 dols.
upon four wheeled Carriages, with wooden or iron ſprings or jacks, 3 dols.
upon Curricles with tops, 3 dols.
upon Chaiſes with tops, 3 dols.
upon Chairs with tops, 3 dols.
upon other two wheel top carriages, 3 dols.
upon two wheel carriages, with ſteel or iron ſprings, 3 dols.
For and upon all other two wheel carriages, 2 dols.
upon every four wheeled carriage, having framed poſts and tops, and reſting upon wooden ſpars, 2 dols.

The Collectors of the Revenue for the firſt Survey of the Diſtrict of Pennſylvania, will attend daily, until the 30th day of September next, for the purpoſe of receiving the duties on Carriages, at No. 117, in Race or Saſſafras-ſtreet, in the City of Philadelphia; at the houſe of Daniel St. Clair, Eſq. in the County of Montgomery; and at the houſe of James Chapman, Eſq. in the County of Bucks; of which all perſons poſſeſſed of ſuch Carriages are deſired to take notice.

Notice is alſo given,

TO all retail dealers in Wines, and foreign diſtilled ſpirituous liquors, that licences will be granted to them; one licence for carrying on the buſineſs of retailing of Wines, in a leſs quantity, or in leſs quantities than thirty gallons—and one licence for carrying on the buſineſs of retailing Spirituous liquors in leſs quantities than 20 gallons, at the ſame time and at the ſame places, by the officers legally authoriſed to grant ſuch licences.

WILLIAM NICHOLS,

Inſpector of the Revenue of the firſt ſurvey of the Diſtrict of Pennſylvania.

Office of Inſpection at Philadelphia, 3d Auguſt, 1797. } dim

THOMAS HERMAN LEUFFER,

North Fifth ſtreet, corner of North alley, No. 34,

HAS FOR SALE,

EXCELLENT red Bourdeaux Wine in caſes and boxes, ſix years old
White Graves Wine in caſks
Ticklenburgs
Ruſſia Sail Cloths
Ravens Duck
Bag Linen
Heſſians
Diaper and Table Cloth
Empty bags
Common German Cloth
An aſſortment of black coloured Ribbons
Fine German Laces
About twelve tons Ruſſia clean Hemp
Clover Seed
Italian Soap, in ſmall boxes, for family uſe
Window Glaſs

Aug. 29.—2aw

THIS DAY WAS PUBLISHED,

And for ſale by *THOMAS DOBSON*, at the Stone Houſe, No. 41, ſouth Second ſtreet,

EVENINGS at HOME;

OR, THE JUVENILE BUDGET OPENED,

Conſiſting of a variety of Miſcellaneous Pieces for the inſtruction and amuſement of YOUNG PERSONS—Six Volumes handſomely printed and bound up in two volumes, price Two Dollars.

The variety and excellence of theſe pieces are ſuch, that the book needs only to be known to be univerſally eſteemed one of the moſt valuable publications that can be put into the hands of young perſons.

"Delightful taſk to rear the tender thought,
To teach the young idea how to ſhoot,
To pour the freſh inſtruction o'er the mind,
To breathe th' enlivening ſpirit, and to fix
The generous purpoſe in the glowing breaſt."

THOMSON.

Auguſt 24. mwſ4w

THIS DAY IS PUBLISHED,

By *THOMAS DOBSON*, at the Stone Houſe, No. 41, ſouth Second ſtreet,

Letters and Converſations,

Between ſeveral *Young Ladies*, on improving and intereſting ſubjects.

Tranſlated from the Dutch of *Madame de Camhon*, with alterations and improvements,

Printed on fine paper, and neatly bound,

Price one dollar.

AMIDST the tide of modern Romances, painting tales of extraordinary diſtreſs, or of deſperate or artful villainy, which "harrow up the ſoul," and which it would be for the honor of young ladies to be *ignorant* of, this little book comes forward to ſolicit notice, where, in a variety of incidents, not exceeding the bounds of *real life*, the *proper*, becauſe *elegant* and *natural dignity* and *importance* of the *Female character* is exhibited in an intereſting point of view, and preſents examples of real and attainable excellence.

The publiſher was ſo much pleaſed with the peruſal, that he was perſuaded he ſhould do a pleaſing ſervice to the community by ſending it into circulation. Auguſt 24—mw4w

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To Maſters and Pilots bringing up Veſſels from Foreign Ports to this City.

WHereas ſundry infringements have lately been made on the laws of this ſtate for the preventing peſtilential or infectious diſeaſes, either from ignorance or inattention thereto, it is tho't expedient at this time to publiſh the following extracts from the laws of 22d April, 1794, 7th and 8th ſections.

HEALTH-OFFICE.

June 6th, 1794.

Extract of an act for ſecuring the city and port of Philadelphia from the introduction of peſtilential and contagious diſeaſes.

SECT. 7. And be it further enacted, that every maſter or captain of any ſhip or veſſel coming from ſea (veſſels actually employed in the coaſting trade excepted) and bound to any port or place within the juriſdiction of Pennſylvania, ſhall cauſe his ſhip or veſſel to be brought to anchor, or otherwiſe ſtayed in the ſtream of the river Delaware, oppoſite to the Health-Office on State-Iſland aforeſaid, and there to remain until he ſhall have duly obtained a certificate or bill of health from the Reſident Phyſician. And it, previouſly to obtaining ſuch certificate or bill of health, any maſter or captain ſhall ſuffer his ſhip or veſſel to approach nearer than the ſaid Health-Office to the city of Philadelphia, or ſhall land, cauſe or ſuffer to be landed, or brought on ſhore, at any place or port within this Commonwealth, or at any other port or place, with the intent of being conveyed into this Commonwealth, any perſon or perſons, or any goods, wares or merchandize, or, if after receiving ſuch bill of health or certificate, he ſhall neglect or refuſe to deliver the ſame to the Health-Officer, ſuch maſter or captain ſhall forfeit and pay, for each and every ſuch offence, the ſum of FIVE HUNDRED DOLLARS.

And the captain or maſter of every ſhip or veſſel ſhall ſend a ſafe and commodious boat to bring the phyſician on board, and ſhall in like manner convey him back to the Health-Office, after he has concluded his official examination; And while he is making ſuch examination, or in caſe any ſubſequent examination by the Health Officer or Conſulting Phyſician, agreeably to the directions of this act, the maſter or captain ſhall expoſe or cauſe to be expoſed to the ſearch of the Reſident Phyſician, or of the Health Officer and Conſulting Phyſician (as the caſe may be) each and every part of the ſhip or veſſel, and ſhall preſent to his view each and every perſon or perſons on board thereof, and and ſhall alſo true and ſatisfactory anſwers make to all ſuch queſtions as the Reſident Phyſician, &c. at the time of examination ſhall aſk relative to the health of any port or place from which the ſhip or veſſel ſailed, or has ſince touched at—the number of perſons on board when the ſhip or veſſel entered on her voyage—the number of perſons that have ſince been landed or taken on board, and when and where reſpectively—what perſons on board—if they have been during the voyage, or ſhall, at the time of examination, be infected with any peſtilential or contagious diſeaſe—and what is the preſent ſtate and condition of the perſons on board with reſpect to their health or diſeaſes. And if any maſter or captain ſhall refuſe to expoſe as aforeſaid, to the ſearch of any of the officers aforeſaid, *or if he ſhall conceal any ſick perſon, or in any other manner deceive the proper officers aforeſaid in his anſwers*, ſuch captain or maſter, for every ſuch offence, ſhall forfeit and pay the ſum of FIVE HUNDRED DOLLARS.

SECT. 8. And if any perſon or perſons whatſoever (the Reſident Phyſician, &c. excepted) ſhall go on board any veſſel, before the maſter thereof has received a certificate of health in the manner directed, every perſon ſo offending, ſhall pay the ſum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS.

IT being abſolutely neceſſary that the foregoing ſections ſhould be punctually complied with, the ſubſcriber, in compliance with his duty, muſt exact a rigorous obſervance of the ſame, or elſe be under the neceſſity of putting the laws in force.

WM. ALLEN, *Health Officer of the Port of Philadelphia.*

July 14. 2aw

STATE of PENNSYLVANIA.

An ACT to provide for alleviating the diſtreſſes of the Citizens of Philadelphia, and the Suburbs thereof, during the continuance of the exiſting malignant, and contagious diſeaſe.

Sec. 1. BE it enacted, by the Senate and Houſe of Repreſentatives of the Commonwealth of Pennſylvania in General Aſſembly met, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the ſame, that a ſum not exceeding ten thouſand dollars, be appropriated for the accommodation, employment, and relief of any ſick and indigent perſons, in the City of Philadelphia and the ſuburbs thereof, during the continuance of the exiſting malignant, and contagious diſeaſe; and the ſum ſo appropriated ſhall be paid by the Treaſurer of the State, on a warrant or warrants, to be drawn by the Governor in favor of the commiſſioners to be appointed as herein after mentioned, who ſhall account therefor to the Legiſlature at their next ſeſſion.

Sec. II. And be it further enacted by the authority aforeſaid, That the Governor be empowered to appoint twelve commiſſioners, three of whom ſhall be reſident in the Northern Liberties, three in the Diſtrict of Southwark, and ſix in the city of Philadelphia to carry into effect this law.

GEORGE LATIMER,
Speaker of the Houſe of Repreſentatives.
ROBERT HARE,
Speaker of the Senate.

Approved, Auguſt 29, 1797.

THOMAS MIFFLIN, *Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennſylvania.*

THE Commiſſioners appointed by the Governor, to carry into effect the law for alleviating the diſtreſs of the Citizens of Philadelphia, and the ſuburbs thereof; inform their fellow-citizens, that they have met and attended to their appointment, and now invite them to recommend in writing, ſigned by one or more reputable inhabitant, ſuch of the indigent as may come to their knowledge, who will be employed or aſſiſted as they may ſtand in need of, by applying to the Commiſſioners at the State-Houſe, from 3 to 5 o'clock, on the 4th inſt. and every other day, (at the ſame hours) while neceſſary.

ROBERT WHARTON,
Chairman.

Sept. 2, 1797.

P. S. The Printers in the city are requeſted to publiſh the above in their different papers.

The Health-Office

IS removed to the City-Hall, and is kept open night and day, where perſons having buſineſs may apply. WM. ALLEN, Health-Officer.

Sept. 4. dtf

NOTICE.

THE Offices of the Department of War are for the preſent removed near to the Falls of the Schuylkill, on the Ridge Road.

September 4. dtf

TO BE SOLD,

And immediate poſſeſſion given,

A Convenient well finiſhed Brick Tenement, with a cook houſe and other out houſes, ſituated in a pleaſant part of the borough of Wilmington in the State of Delaware—The lot of ground has forty feet front on Weſt-ſtreet, and extends through the ſquare to Paſture-ſtreet, on which is erected a ſtable and carriage houſe.

ALLEN M'LANE.

Wilmington, Aug. 30.

An elegant Houſe in Arch Street.

TO be let and entered on immediately a large and elegant houſe at the Corner of Arch and Ninth Street. There are two drawing rooms and one dining room—the largeſt is 31 feet by 26—and two are ſo connected by folding doors as to make but one. Alſo, five bed rooms, beſides 5 in the garret, well finiſhed for ſervants. There are ſtables and a coach houſe, with every convenience for a family. Enquire tNo. 29, in North Seventh ſtreet, or at No. 218, Arch Street.

Aug. 15. 2aw3w.

City Commiſſioners Office,

Auguſt 29, 1797.

IN purſuance of an Ordinance of the Select and Common Councils, paſſed the 22d day of May laſt.

Propoſals in writing will be received by the City Commiſſioners for one month from the 1ſt of September next, for letting to rent on leaſes for one year to commence the firſt day of January next, the following public property of the city—

The wharf and landing on Vine Street,
Alſo on Saſſafras,
Mulberry,
And High Streets,
Cheſnut and Walnut Streets, Draw Bridge, with, the Scale and Fiſh Houſes, Spruce, Pine and Cedar Streets.
The cellar under the City-Hall.
The Tavern at the middle ferry on Schuylkill, with the lots contiguous thereto, (except ſo much thereof as ſhall be occupied by any buildings erected for the uſe of the Collector of the Tolls, or be neceſſary for the toll gates.)

Aug. 3 3tawim.

At a Meeting of the Board of Property, June 6, 1797,

Preſent John Hall, Sec'ry. } of land office
Francis Johnſton, R. G. }
Dan. Brodhead, S. G. }

Nicholas Bettinger, } *verſus* Samuel Cunningham. }

In this caſe the proof of ſervice of notice being inſufficient, It is ordered that notice be given in one of the Philadelphia and York newſpapers weekly, for at leaſt eight weeks to the heirs or aſſignees of Samuel Cunningham deceaſed, to atttend the board on the firſt Monday in November next, to ſhew cauſe why a patent ſhould not iſſue to Nicholas Bettinger for the land in queſtion.

(A true Copy.)
JOHN HALL,
Secretary of the Land Office.

Aug. 15. *1aw8w.

IMPORTED

In the ſhip America, James Ewing, maſter, from Hamburgh,

Brown Hollands
White Platillas
Ticklenburgs
Coarſe Linens
Tapes
Looking Glaſſes } in caſes.
Glaſs Tumblers }

FOR SALE BY
George Pennock.

Aug. 14. 3aw

The Gazette.

PHILADELPHIA,
TUESDAY EVENING, *September 5.*

Wilmington, Sept. 2d, 1797.

DEAR SIR,

Shall I be permitted ſo far to treſpaſs upon your time, as to aſk you to ſtate to me in a letter by an early poſt, the ſymptoms which characterize the contagious fever now or lately prevalent in your neighbourhood in Philadelphia, for I have although not in practice ſeen a caſe of a little girl ſo denominated, whoſe fever had been of five days continuance, and was at the time to which I refer attended with no great degree of fever, very little yellowneſs of the eyes, ſkin perfectly clear, with little heat, clean tongue, no pain in the head, and very little ſickneſs of ſtomach, (altho' both theſe laſt ſymptoms haſt exiſted, but went off without bleeding.) She had over the whole ſurface of her body a miliary eruption of a bright red appearance—I am the more induced to aſk you for a correct deſcription of it, as ſome caſes are ſaid to have occurred here in perſons flying from Philadelphia, which has occaſioned ſome alarm, indeed more than is neceſſary. At this time of general fright, every diſeaſe is ſuſpected to be the Yellow Fever, and is conſequently the occaſion of alarm.

Pray what is the ſtate of the diſeaſe in the City, our accounts are ſo various and contradictory as to render all rational concluſion impracticable.

With very ſincere wiſhes for your health and welfare, I am your obedient ſervant,
HENRY LATIMER.

Dr. WILLIAM CURRIE.

Philadelphia, September 4th, 1797.

DEAR SIR,

Time only ſerves at preſent to inform you, that the contagious fever at preſent in this city, generally attacks ſuddenly, without previous ſenſe of debility, with pain in the fore part of the head and in the knees, and often in the back, accompanied with conſiderable ſenſe of cold, (and in more violent caſes with great ſtircture about the region of the heart, and diſtreſsful anxiety and reſtleſsneſs) but no rigor or ſhivering.

In many caſes the eyes ſmart like a burn, and are as watery as if the patient had been weeping—more or leſs red—but ſeldom yellow for ſome days: the face appears fluſhed; the ſkin feels hot and dry; the pulſe quick, tenſe, and confined: ſymptoms worſe in the afternoon and fore part of the night: bowels coſtive—ſeldom any ſickneſs at ſtomach or inclination to puke for the firſt two days.

A complete intermiſſion takes place on the third or fourth day, and the fever returns no more—or a conſiderable remiſſion, ſucceeded by coldneſs of the extremities, and an inceſſant deſire to puke. In a day or two later, the matter puked up or diſcharged by ſtool, appears black, unleſs comatoſe ſymptoms come on, which is often the caſe. Coma is generally ſucceeded by ſymptoms of ſcurvy, which finally terminate in profuſe hæmorrage, which puts a period to life.

The remedies which have moſt invariably ſucceeded, when employed from the beginning of the diſeaſe, have been, blood-letting repeated to a third or fourth time at proper intervals—two bleedings frequently anſwer; but where the inflammatory ſymptoms are manifeſt, it has been found to be uſeful to repeat it in the height of the paroxiſm, to a ninth time, and in one caſe eleven times. In addition to blood-letting, mercurial purges have produced unequivocally good effects.

In caſes where vomiting has come on, calomel in doſes of 2 grains every two hours, or at longer intervals if it ſhould occaſion too copious evacuations. At this period, bliſters to the ſtomach and wriſts, or to the inſide of the thighs, have alſo contributed to the relief of the patient. The patient is ſtill, on account of the irritability of his ſtomach, reſtricted to cooling and diluting drinks, and prohibited all kinds of nouriſhment except what can be conveyed in glyſters. In caſes where the vomiting cannot be reſtrained, a yellowneſs gradually pervades the eyes and ſkin of the patient, and at length a matter black as ink is either puked up or evacuated by ſtool, and in a ſhort time after the patient dies.

After the reduction of the inflammatory ſymptoms, when mercury, either taken internally or applied externally, affects the ſalivary glands, the patient generally recovers.

The diſeaſe is the very ſame in kind that we had in 1793, rendered different in degree by the difference of the ſeaſon.

About 200 perſons have already been affected by it; of theſe between 60 and 70 have died, including 27 that were ſent to the hoſpital at different ſtages of the diſorder.

Among others we have to lament the death of Dr. Way, whoſe talents you know in a certain branch were conſpicuous, and who on that account will be much miſſed as well as regretted.

The diſeaſe has not gained much ground for ſome days paſt below the new market, which is the part of the city where it firſt appeared, owing I believe to the line of communication being cut off by the removal of the inhabitants: but as it has inſinuated itſelf into other parts of the city, there is no reaſon to expect it will be entirely extinguiſhed till the appearance of froſt, by which the contagion, whereby it is propagated, is as certainly deſtroyed as the moſt tender tropical plant. Rain and cool weather, though they have ſome controul over the contagion, never entirely deſtroy it.

A few inſtances have already occurred of perſons who had been expoſed to contagion, having taken the diſeaſe after removal to the country. If any ſuch occur at Wilmington, ſhall thank you to let me know it.

I remain,
With ſentiments of ſincere regard,
Your friend and humble ſervant,
WM. CURRIE.

Dr. H. LATIMER, *Wilmington.*

For the GAZETTE *of the* UNITED STATES.

REGARDING the inſult which the Spaniſh miniſter, the Chevalier d'Yrujo, has offered to the government of the United States, by his late audacious appeal from its adminiſtration to the people, as alike intended to ſubvert the happineſs and abſtract from the dignity of our country, and being aware of the motives which have prompted this pernicious purpoſe, I feel myſelf called on to aſſert that ſhare of the right, which appertains to each individual citizen of the American community, to avenge the inſult, and to expoſe its author not merely to the contempt of the people, againſt whom he has meditated ſo foul a wrong, but to the crimination of his *proper ſovereign*, whoſe eſſential intereſts he has deeply wounded by his unwiſe and ridiculous conduct.

And here I will venture to predict that, if thoſe intereſts, and the injury they have ſuffered on the preſent occaſion, are well underſtood and juſtly appreciated by the court of Spain, it is by no means impoſſible that the tranſlator of Smith's Wealth of Nations may himſelf be tranſlated to one of the more immediate ſources of that wealth; where a practical acquaintance with the ſubdiviſion of labour would give him a clearer idea than any he has yet acquired of his original.

When this miniſter undertook, by a contemptuous appeal from the proceedings of the executive department, to debaſe that branch of our government in the eſtimation of its citizens, he either was or he was not acquainted with the ſtructure of the government, and its relations to the people, for whoſe uſes, and by whom, it had been inſtituted.

If acquainted with its nature and relations, he could not be ignorant that his appeal was not only a direct and daring violation of all diplomatic rules, but a groſs and humiliating inſult to the people themſelves, from whom the Executive of the United States immediately emanates; and whoſe elective ſanction, ſo recently given, ſhould have ſhielded the object of their choice, and the repreſentative of their authority, from the rude impertinence of a foreign agent. If this miniſter was not acquainted with the nature of our government or its relations, but blindly, though wickedly, plunged into a meaſure the whole tendency of which he did not comprehend, and the conſequences of which he had not calculated beyond *the quantum of ſecret ſervice money which it might enable him to draw from his employers*, then there can be no want of charity in pronouncing him a very undignified and unprofitable agent for his maſter, and a very indecorous and dangerous inmate of the United States.

The part which he has acted, and the unworthy inſinuations which he has dared to utter againſt the Executive of the United States, have excited a ſpirit of indignation throughout this country, which, if the meaſures of its government were not purely pacific, and ſcrupulouſly neutral, would realize all the apprehenſions, which he has affected to entertain, and in leſs time than his uncombining intellect has been led to imagine.

"AN ASTRONOMICAL APPARATUS," to the tranſportation and uſe of which no permiſſion would be aſked of *Spaniſh governors*, might be carried to the Miſſiſſippi, which would give ſuch lines of demarcation as have not yet been contemplated.—But an inviolable reſpect for the faith of treaties will bind the United States to the due execution of them—and ſo far the intereſts of the Spaniſh nation will yet be ſafe, notwithſtanding the inſidious counſel of her falſe friends, and the unjuſtifiable conduct of her ſilly ſervants. She will act wiſely, however, in diſclaiming ſuch ſervants and ſuch conduct—and, profiting by the preſent leſſon, Spain, if her deareſt concerns are conſulted, cannot fail to cultivate with good faith, and through an able agency, the friendſhip of a people, whoſe enmity, provoked to action, would inſtantly ſubvert the empire of her colonies, and ſink her conſequence in the ſcale of nations forever.

DENTATUS.

From the N. Y. Daily Gaz.

We have attentively peruſed the remarks by Obſervator upon the paragraph in our Gazette on Tueſday laſt; and, though he is oſtenſibly right in the conſtruction he beſtows on Haley's letter, and really ſo in the animadverſions he makes on the principles of our American Jacobins, yet we cannot help thinking he does not ſufficiently extend his views, as well with reſpect to the direct as the collateral conſequences and influence of the conduct of that foe to America. Tho' the intention, as avowed in the letter, is to ſeize the property of his "deteſted enemies," it does not follow that the Engliſh are excluſively to be the victims of his malice. It is believed that Americans are meant to be robbed, as well as his "infernal enemies." There are, it is well known, in this country, men *real native Americans*, who are no admirers of the ſanguinary exceſſes of the French—theſe, by ſuch fellows as Haley, are branded with the name of *Tories* and Ariſtocrats though ſincerely attached to the freedom and independence of the United States—and men of theſe deſcriptions are expreſsly *named* by this "conſummate villain," as among the number whoſe property he means to depredate on—This is certainly no ſtrained conſtruction, for the letter explicitly declares it. Beſides, a ſingle conſideration without the aid of any other, ſtamps his conduct with the mark of hoſtility to the United States—Every one who knows any thing, knows, that the capture of the Hare raiſed the premium of Inſurance laſt ſpring from 4 to 6 per cent—and perhaps, if accurately calculated, this ſingle item would amount on the imports of laſt Spring to at leaſt 3 or 400,000 dollars—Surely ſuch a ſum is ſufficient to ſhew that ſo baſe a meaſure as Haley is chargeable with, and which was the reſult of deliberation, is evident and direct hoſtility againſt the United States—It may be ſaid the premiums are inſured as well as the capital—and that they will be paid together—good—but though this may appear plauſible it is not ſolid—It ought to be the caſe, but is not—The inſtance of the Severn taken into Breſt, where the cargo was condemned, is a caſe in point—a large proportion of that property though inſured in England, is ſtill unſettled, and like to continue ſo to all eternity—and ſeveral veſſels inſured there, have been carried into France this ſpring, the inſurance upon which the underwriters refuſe to pay, becauſe the veſſels were unprovided with a *role d'equipage*. The loſs in theſe caſes fall of courſe on the inſured. We are authorized alſo to infer from recent accounts that the whole of what is alledged as cauſes of condemnation, are mere pretexts, not indeed originally conceived by the French themſelves, but ſuggeſted to them by unprincipled Americans for the purpoſe of enabling them to plunder with impunity the property of their defenceleſs countrymen—and of this abominable claſs is Haley: His letter ſhews him to be utterly abandoned—and a man poſſeſſed of ſuch a mind, may be fairly ſuſpected of the blackeſt deſigns—In ſhort, it is pretty generally underſtood, that the defection of this wretch, was not in order to attain revenge from his "deteſted infernal enemies," but for the purpoſe of enriching himſelf by ſeizing and appropriating through the inſtrumentality of the French maritime courts, the property of Engliſhmen and Americans without diſtinction. This we believe is generally underſtood, and every circumſtance warrants the inference.

From an European paper.

SKETCH OF POLITICS.

It is a curious circumſtance which cannot have eſcaped the obſervation of thoſe who have traced the French revolution with an attentive eye, that many of thoſe momentous events which have, in a great degree, decided the fate of Europe, have been influenced by a combination of *fortunate* occurrences; and that the ſucceſs of many of their principal operations which have contributed to the eſtabliſhment of the French republic, has neither reſulted from wiſdom in conſideration, depth of judgment, nor extent of political foreſight. The *elements* alone gave the French poſſeſſion of Holland, and ſecured their navy from deſtruction on the coaſt of Ireland; while the hand of *death*, who might juſtly be termed the tutelar deity of the republic, by ſnatching the imperial Catharine from the throne of Ruſſia, when on the point of actively co-operating with the allies, enabled them to obtain the advantages that marked the laſt diſaſtrous campaign. But in no one inſtance has their *good fortune* ſerved them ſo eſſentially and deciſively as in the ſeaſonable concluſion of peace with the emperor. Fourteen hours after the preliminary articles had been ſigned at Leoben, a courier arrived at Vienna with diſpatches from the emperor of Ruſſia, who had been juſt crowned at Moſcow, containing the important communication, that an army of 180,000 Ruſſians had received orders to march to the aſſiſtance of the imperial armies in Italy and on the Rhine! Theſe troops too were to be paid by the Ruſſian monarch. A reinforcement ſo deciſive muſt have given an immediate change to the whole face of affairs. The expulſion of the French from Italy would have been certain, and it is highly probable that, ere the concluſion of the campaign, they would have been reduced to the neceſſity of retiring within their ancient limits. How much then muſt Europe deplore the ſuperabundant and improvident caution of the emperor Paul, in neglecting to give ſome private intimation of his intentions to the court of Vienna. This ſtep would have anſwered every purpoſe, by inducing Joſeph to adopt a defenſive ſyſtem, until the arrival of the Ruſſian army, and by averting, at the ſame time, thoſe dangers which Paul was fearful of incurring by an open avowal of his deſigns before the ceremony of his coronation had taken place.

FOREIGN INTELLIGENCE.

LONDON, July 12.

Copy of a letter from capt. Hallowell, of his majeſty's ſhip Lively, to admiral the earl of St Vincents.

Lively, off S. W. end of Teneriffe, May 31, '97.

SIR,

I have the honor to inform you, that on ſtanding into the bay of Santa Cruz, in the iſland of Teneriffe, on the afternoon of the 28th, in company with La Minerve, I diſcovered an armed brig lying in the road, which, in our nearer approach, hoiſted French colours. Captain Cockburn agreeing with myſelf in opinion that ſhe might be taken from her anchors, I ordered all the boats of the two ſhips, with a lieutentant in each, the next night to bring her out; lieut. Hardy, of La Minerve, being the ſenior officer, the command fell on him. At about half paſt two in the afternoon, he made a moſt reſolute attack, in which he was gallantly ſupported by lieut. Bland, Hopkins and Buſhby, and lieut. Bulkley of the marines, in the Lively's boats, and lieuts. Gage and Maling in La Minerve's boats, and under a ſmart fire of muſquetry from the brig, boarded and carried her almoſt immediately. This gave an alarm to the town, and a heavy fire of artillery and muſquetry was opened from every part of the garriſon, and from a large ſhip lying in the road immediately, which continued without intermiſſion for near an hour, during which time they were very much expoſed in getting the brig under weigh, and towing her out, there being very little wind, and a little before 4 o'clock they had got out of reach of the batteries with La Mutine French national corvette, of 12 ſix pounders and two thirty-ſix pound caronades, and 135 men, 113 of whom were on board at the time, commanded by citizen Xavier Paumier, Capitaine de Frigate. She ſailed from Breſt on the 8th for L'Iſle de France, and had put into the bay of Santa Cruz three days before ſhe was captured, to take in water. The captain was on ſhore at the time ſhe was cut out.

Lieut. Hardy having commanded the boats on this expedition, I have ſent him in with the prize, and cannot recommmend him, or the officers or ſeamen employed on that ſervice with him, in too ſtrong terms. Incloſed is a liſt of the wounded belonging to both ſhips.

I have the honor to be, &c
BENJ. HALLOWELL.

Liſt of the petty officer and ſeamen belonging to his majeſty's ſhip Lively, wounded in taking La Mutine French national corvette.

Mr. Ralph Standiſh, maſter's mate; William Allen, quarter maſter; Peter Lawrence, Glenville Newberry, ſeamen.

Return of officers and men belonging to his majeſty's ſhip La Minerve, wounded in taking the national brig La Mutine.

Lieutenant Hardy; Mr. J. Coulſon, gunner; Mr. Eager, midſhipman; Mr. Carpenter, do. dangerouſly; Matthew Veſſey, gunner's mate; David Lewis, ſecond maſtar's mate; Robert Slopper, coxſwain; Anthony Hull, ſeaman, dangerouſly; James Dunlap, corporal; and John Milton and Samuel Clark, privates of the 11th regiment.

GEO. COCKBURN.

Copy of letters to admiral the earl of St. Vincent, from capt. Morris, of his majeſty's ſhip the Boſton.

Boſton, off Vigo, June 4, '97.

SIR,

I have the honor to inform you, his majeſty's ſhip this morning, after a chace of three hours, captured El Principe de Paz Spaniſh brig privateer, of 20 guns and 100 men—ſhe ſailed laſt evening from Vigo on her firſt cruize. It is with extreme concern I have to add, that the only one of her ſhot that took effect killed Mr. Mainwaring, midſhipman, a very amiable young gentleman, of great promiſe as an officer. His majeſty's ſloop Kingfiſher being in ſight, I have directed captain Maitland to proceed to Liſbon with the prize and priſoners. I have the honor to be, &c.

J. N. MORRIS.

Sir John Jervis, K. B. &c.

Boſton, off Vigo, June 10, '97.

SIR,

I have the honor to acquaint you, that yeſterday afternoon his majeſty's ſhip under my command gave chace to a brig, and at 6 o'clock brought her to, cloſe in with the Bayona Iſlands, at the entrance of Vigo: She proves to be his Catholic majeſty's packet Elconfante, and ſailed the evening before from Corunna, and was bound for the Havanna.

I have the honor to be, &c.

J. N. MORRIS.

Sir John Jervis, K. B. &c.

Copy of a letter to admiral lord Bridport, from Sir Harry Neale, Bart. of his majeſty's ſhip St. Fiorenzo.

St. Fiorenzo, Torbay, June 8.

MY LORD,

I beg to inform you, that I captured the Caſſor, a French lugger privateer, on the 1ſt inſtant, 60 leagues weſt of Scilly, pierced for 14 guns, and manned with 75 men; ſhe had been out from St. Maloes 18 days, and had taken the Reſolution brig belonging to Tinmouth, laden with ſalt. She threw her guns overboard during the chace.

I have the honor to be,
Your lordſhip's moſt obedient humble ſervant,
H. NEALE.

Rt. Hon. Lord Bridport.

A captain of an American veſſel arrived in town on Mondaay laſt from Havre, who ſtates that 22 American veſſels are now lying in that port, moſt of which have been condemned.

If we might draw any concluſion from the proſpect of peace from the immenſe orders which have been lately received from France for woollen goods of all deſcriptions, we ſhould pronounce it very certain indeed.—The orders for Caſſimers only are larger than all the ſtock in hand in the marehouſes of country. Many of the orders have been paid for in advance in ſpecie remitted from Hamburgh.

Major gen. Cuyler and his ſuite, with Governor Johnſon, lady, and family, ſailed on Monday morning from Cowes road, for the Weſt-Indies, on board the Concorde frigate, capt. Roberts.

A captain of an American veſſel arrived in town on Monday laſt from Havre, who ſtates that 22 American veſſels are now lying in that port, moſt of which have been condemned.

July 14.

Captain Gore, who lately ſhot the earl of Meath in a duel near Dublin, has ſurrendered himſelf to take his trial for the alleged murder.

Mr. Burke is to be buried at Beaconsfield, on Saturday next, in a private manner, a few of his own particular friends being only to attend the funeral.

Arrived at Spithead, the San Domaſa Spaniſh man of war, of 74 guns, prize to admiral Harvey, and La Prompte frigate, from the Weſt Indies.

PORTSMOUTH, July 9.

Le Pompee of 74 guns, appointed to accompany the outward bound Eaſt-India ſhips to a certain latitude, dropped down this day to St. Helen's, and is to proceed to ſea the firſt fair wind.

His Majeſty's ſhip Florenzo, captain Sir Harry Harry Burrard Neale, has taken and ſent into this port a large French lugger privateer, pierced for 16 guns. She is only 16 months old, a very fine veſſel, and was not captured till after three days chace, during which time ſhe threw all her guns overboard.

VIENNA, June 24.

The negociations at Montebello, near Milan, between the French and Auſtrian plenipotentiaries, ſtill continue. Six officers have been appointed as couriers to the Marquis de Gallo. The deputies appointed on the part of Auſtria to the Congreſs for the peace of the Empire, are, the counts Lehrbach, Wetternich, and Cobenzel, and Baron Weſtphal.

Orders have likewiſe been ſent to the troops in Upper Auſtria, for four battalions to march immediately to the army in Inner Auſtria and Italy.

A conſpiracy has been diſcovered at Naples, and private letters from the City aſſert, that had not 5000 Lazaroni protected the King, he and his whole family would have fallen a ſacrifice to the democratic rage of the conſpirators. The Duke of Modena had nearly been arreſted at Venice by the French: they required the money he had taken with him from Modena; but he anſwered, that it was in the hands of the Auſtrian Miniſter at Venice, who conſidered it as a ſacred depoſit which he would not give up. On the mediation of the Spaniſh miniſter at Venice, however, it was agreed, that the Duke, on paying 180,000 ducats to the French, ſhould be permitted to leave the city.

Udine, Buffano, and Zara, the capital of Venetian Dalmatia, are again in the poſſeſſion of our troops.

July 5.

The Court Gazette of this day contains a Proclamation iſſued by the adminiſtration of Stiria, and addreſſed to the people of that country, who conceive, that ſince the departure of the French, they ought no longer to pay any taxes to their Lords, nor tythes to the Clergy, nor fulfil any of the feudal obligations. They pretend that Buonaparte had ſtipulated for this in one of the articles of the preliminaries. The adminiſtration declare, that they will enforce the payment of the taxes to the Lords, the payment of the tythes to the clergy, and the feudal rights, without which no human ſociety can exiſt without being involved in ruin. They add, that whoever ſhall make the leaſt oppoſition, will be immediately arreſted and delivered up to juſtice.

By this day's Mail.

NEW-YORK, September 2.

Laſt night about 11 o'clock, a young man returning home, was accoſted near Liſpenard's grounds by a man who ordered him to *deliver*, at the ſame time preſenting a piſtol: he ſeized the robber by the ſhoulder, who immediately fired: fortunately the piſtol glanced aſide; but his coat, waiſtcoat and ſhirt, were much burnt by the powder. On ſeeing he did not fall, the robber whiſtled, as a ſignal for his companions, when the young man, apprehenſive of other attacks, thought it prudent to make his eſcape.

From ſeveral late inſtances it is evident that a gang of thieves is lurking about this city, and acting in a manner that deſerves ſomething more than *ordinary vigilance* to detect and trace them to their ſource.

COMMUNICATION.

The valuable American Eaſt India ſhip, mentioned in a Hamburgh article yeſterday, was taken by a privateer belonging to the celebrated Felix Coſſin of Nantes. He has agents in this city and other parts of the union, to collect intelligence and give information of the moſt plauſible pretexts for ſeizing American veſſels.

September 4.

The following we believe to be the authentic particulars relative to the barbarous treatment received by the ſhip Fame, of Philadelphia, from a French privateer.

Yeſterday arrived at the watering place, the ſhip Fame, belonging to Meſſrs. Odier, Boſquet and brothers, Capt. Robert Wilſon, who ſailed from the Capes of the Delaware on the 27th ult. bound for Havre de Grace, with ſeveral French ladies and gentlemen paſſengers. Capt. Wilſon informs us that on the 29th, in lat. 38, 30, Sandy Hook being diſtant about 60 leagues, he ſaw two brigs, one of which gave him chaſe; at 11 A. M. finding he could not eſcape her, he ſhortened ſail—at half paſt 11, the brig being within cannon ſhot, and having no colours hoiſted, fired a ſhot which wounded Madame Fatan, a lady paſſenger, very ſeverely, by carrying away half her breaſt, and broke her arm in two places: They then boarded the ſhip, and commenced to ranſack her in every quarter; finding part of an Engliſh flag on board, they laid hold of two French negro boys, and threatened to hang them if they would not diſcloſe ſome particulars reſpecting the ſhips papers—the elder boy gave them no ſatisfaction, but the younger being intimidated, ſaid that the captain had hid his papers. They then commenced a ſecond ſearch and finding nothing to induce a further detention, after ſtealing from the captain a pair of gold knee buckles, they ſuffered him to proceed on his voyage at 7 o'clock P. M. Capt. Wilſon through motives of humanity to ſave the life of his paſſenger, landed her, with her huſband in this city on Friday, in the afternoon; and we are happy to underſtand, by ſurgical aid, there is a probability of ſaving her life.

When they firſt came on board Captain Wilſon, they called the brig Eagle, and ſaid ſhe was commanded by capt. Marrew, but when capt. Wilſon aſked them for a certificate to ſhew that he had been boarded by them, they ſaid her name was the Camite, Capt. Marret. She mounts 14 guns and is full of men.

Capt. W. has noted a proteſt againſt the above proceeding, before Teunis Wortman, Eſq. Notary public, of this city.

BOSTON, Aug 31.

Extract of a letter from a very reſpectable mercantile houſe in London, to a gentleman in this town, dated 5th July.

"We think it right to remark, for your information, that the late accounts from your ſide, of your coaſt baing much infeſted by French privateers, and of ſeveral American veſſels having been captured by them, that inſurance has riſen to 10 guineas per cent. and we fear it is not likely to be lower the preſent ſeaſon, unleſs the negotiations, now going on at Liſle, ſhould end in an immediate peace (which does not here ſeem to be much expected:) in which caſe inſurance will ſoon fall to the old premium.—The critical ſituation of affairs, in this reſpect, and the general apprehenſions entertained here, that a rupture between your country and France, is inevitable, will materially curtail the ſhipments generally to America the preſent ſeaſon."

☞ It was reported yeſterday, that capt. M'Heron, bound from this port for Halifax, has been taken by the French privateer, who lately *watered* at Marblehead.

NEWPORT, Aug. 20.

In the packet Aurora, capt. Cahoone, arrived here on Saturday laſt from New-York, came paſſenger his Excellency the Chevalier de YRUJO, miniſter plenipotentiary of his Catholic Majeſty to the United States, on a tour to Boſton.

LANSINGBURGH, Auguſt 29.

INDIAN TREATY.

A Treaty with the Six Nations is about being held at Big-Tree, on the Geneſee-river, in the county of Ontario.—Gen. Shepard, of Hampſhire, Maſſachuſetts, Col. Wadſworth, of Hartford Connecticut, and Mr Bayard of New-York, have been appointed by the Supreme Executive, Commiſſioners on the part of the United States to hold this Treaty.—The princip l object to be obtained, is a relinquiſhment of the Indian title to the lands in the Maſſachuſetts pre-emption, owned by Robert Morris Eſq. and others. The Commiſſioners met in Albany laſt week, from whence they have proceeded on to the place of holding the Treaty. 'Tis expected the Indians will be aſſembled by the time the Commiſſioners arrive at Big-Tree, meſſengers having been diſpatched into their country for this purpoſe.

The citizens of Lanſingburgh have it in contemplation to attempt removing the obſtructions in the navigation between this village and Troy. Several patriotic gentlemen have offered to ſubſcribe large ſums towards an undertaking of this nature.

BALTIMORE, September 2.

All the various enormities of the old world during its late convulſions, have been more or leſs felt in the new. The revolutionizing phrenzy, the proſtration of all law and order, and the total diſregard of every thing human and divine, which had ſeized the one, have alſo infeſted the other. Robberies, murders and aſſaſſinations, are now becoming the order of the day, towards the cloſe of a deſolating war in Europe; and the greateſt vigilance of our officers will be required to check the infernal mania in our own country. Pick-pocketing, counterfeiting, highway robbery and murdering are geting ſo frequent, that ſcarcely a mail arrives which does not relate ſome recent horrid inſtance. Let thoſe whoſe buſineſs leads them to travel from home go well provided; and let the officers of juſtice exert themſelves in apprehending and bringing to puniſhment thoſe daring offenders. Nothing elſe have we to hope from, in the preſent ſtate of ſociety, to cruſh ſuch dangerous practices.

A moſt daring ROBBERY!!!

A gentleman on his return home from Philadelphia, was yeſterday ſtopped on the road between this city and Ellicott's Mills, in broad day, by a foot-pad, who ſeized his horſe's bridle, and preſenting a piſtol to his breaſt, ordered him to DELIVER. The gentleman put his hand into his pocket, but finding the fellow off his guard, gave him ſuch a blow with a loaded whip, as to ſtagger him very much: He then drew a piſtol from his holſters, which he was fortunately provided with, and ſhot the villain through the arm—this brought him to the ground; but he was moſt unluckily prevented diſpatching him on the ſpot, as his horſe, affrighted at the flaſh, and report of the piſtol, ran off near half a mile before he could take him up. When he returned to the ſcene of action, which he did as ſoon as poſſible, he found one of the comrades of the robber dragging him out of the road with one hand, and holding the piſtol in the other. Not knowing how numerous the gang might be, he thought it unſafe to hazard another rencontre, and proceeded on to the mills, where he related the affair. We are ſorry no meaſures were taken to purſue thoſe dangerous and daring diſturbers of our highways: if there had been, we ſhould probably now have the pleaſure of announcing their committal to priſon. The wound which one of them received, we hope will lead to a diſcovery. They were both dreſſed in gingham coats, and their appearance was tolerably genteel.

NORFOLK, Auguſt 28.

Capt. Canby, of the ſchooner Antonio Wallace, arrived on Saturday from Charleſton. We learn, that the yellow fever rages in that city, and that they avarage 12 deaths daily.

[Charleſton papers to Aug. 22d, contain nothing to this effect.]

EDENTON, Auguſt 24.

By a letter from Raleigh to a gentleman in Halifax, we are informed that governor Blount was lately in that place, and remained there about 2 days; that he had taken his departure privately, and it was not known which way he had bent his courſe.—We are told that he ſaid the object of his intended plan was the conqueſt and plunder of the Floridas—that Mr. Liſton nor the Britiſh government never countenanced the ſcheme—that as it was a matter of as much importance to them as it was to him, they would hereafter regret their backwardneſs—that fearful of meeting the wrath of our government, at the preſent moment of popular clamour and indignation, he had determined to leave the continent.

80 *Dollars Reward.*

LAST night the ſhop of the ſubſcriber was opened, and ſeveral articles taken off, viz. a common black leather pocket book, containing two twenty dollar notes of the laſt emiſſion of the Pennſylvania Bank, and a number of looſe papers—one pinchback watch with a carved caſe, and ſix ſilver ones—one of theſe a French watch, originally made to tell the day of the month, but this part of the works had been taken out—the figures on the dial plate were left—Another was made by Loveland, London, the number 3113; a third was marked on the dial plate as well as the inſide. Amber, New-York. No further particulars are recollected. Whoever diſcovers the thief, or thieves, ſo that they may be proſecuted to conviction and the property recovered, ſhall have the above reward. Forty dollars will be paid for the property alone, or in proportion for any part of it.

THOMAS LINDSAY.

N. B. All watchmakers are requeſted to ſtop he above watches if offered for ſale.

Frankford, Auguſt 19.

Aug. 21. co8t.

Act laying Duties on Stamped Vellum, Parchment and Paper.

A FEW copies of the above act may be had at the Office of the Gazette of the United States, No 119, Cheſnut-ſtreet. July 19.

The Gazette.

PHILADELPHIA,

TUESDAY EVENING, SEPTEMBER 5.

A letter from New York to a gentleman of reſpectability in this city, mentions, that a brig had arrived there, bringing an account that the Spaniſh fleet had attacked admiral Jervis, and after fighting three days and three nights, had been totally defeated,—loſing 7 ſail of the line ſunk, beſides others taken. Many particulars are wanting in the above information; but it is thought a duty to lay it before the public: though it may prove a bubble, no circumſtances at preſent exiſt to render a ſimilar occurrence improbable.

The interments in the different burying grounds (including the city hoſpital) were 11 in the 24 hours ending laſt Saturday at noon, 6 of which were children; and 36 in the 48 hours ending yeſterday at noon, 6 of which were children.

Marine Hoſpital, State Iſland.

Report for Auguſt.

In the hoſpital, Auguſt 1,		2
Admitted from 1ſt Auguſt to 1ſt September,		37
		39
Died	13	
Diſcharged, cured	10	
Remaining in the hoſpital	16	
	39	

By order of the Board,

JACOBS PERRY, Secretary.

Health-Office, Sept. 1, 1797.

There appears to be a difference between the reports of Dr. Currie and ſeveral other phyſicians, and Meſſrs. Girard and Lownes, reſpecting the exiſtence of caſes of yellow fever in Southwark. This difference may be eaſily accounted for. Meſſrs. Girard and Lownes have been accuſtomed to ſee the yellow fever, in the year 1793, at Buſh-hill only, where, from the mode of treating it, the diſeaſe put on its moſt malignant and terrible appearance, ſuch as obſtinate vomiting, coldneſs and yellowneſs of the ſkin, languid pulſe, purple ſpots and black vomiting.—By the mode of treating the diſeaſe, now uſed by Dr. Currie, and all the phyſicians in Southwark, viz. plentiful bleeding and purging, all thoſe terrible and malignant ſymptoms are prevented, and the diſeaſe in a few days is made to put on the form of a common mild fall fever. The deception here is natural, and ſhould be pardoned in men who are not acquainted with diſeaſes, or the effects of certain medicines upon the human body.

When a man poſſeſſes an eager anxiety to eſtabliſh any point, he will often times ſubſtitute his wiſhes for facts, and miſled by the vagaries of his own heated brain, will purſue the *ignis fatuus* of his own creating, till it leads him into errors, contradictions and abſurdities.

Thus has it been with citizen Bache: In his labours to ſhed an obloquy over the adminiſtration for concluding the treaty with Great Britain, the great advantages daily accruing from which grieve our foreign and domeſtic enemies to their inmoſt ſouls, this patriotic typographer has reverſed the old law of nations, and brought forward ſeveral new codes, (as abſurd as any fiction of his ſhallow brain muſt ever be) which he would impoſe on us as a ſubſtitute for the worm-eaten volumes of antiquity; he has brought forward treaties concluded under circumſtances wholly oppoſite to ours, and totally irrelevant to our own caſe, as examples to ſhew that our treaty was not ſo favourable as it might have been: but in a recent inſtance which he has reſorted to, he has made a miſerable figure indeed.

After giving us an extract from the laſt treaty between England and Ruſſia, which I will ſuppoſe to be juſt and true, he infers from a principle there laid down, that a ſhade is caſt over the American character by her having ceded to Great Britain a right which Ruſſia reſerves—although that principle is identically the ſame with that on which Great Britain grounds her practice towards us. The article expreſsly cedes to her the right for which ſhe has uniformly contended, of availing herſelf of the ſervices of her own ſubjects, wherever found. Yet this imaginary difference is made the ground of a reiterated denunciation of the whole government, by this inſolent calumniator. In looking for "ſhades on the American character," I find none deeper than the diſgraceful career of the editor of the Aurora.

But if there actually exiſted the difference which this factious miſrepreſenter inſinuates, it would in truth be no ſtigma upon us that Ruſſia had extorted what we failed in obtaining. The difference in the two caſes is obvious. It is of little moment that Britain guarantees to us by no expreſs ſtipulation, the ſecurity of our own citizens—The very exiſtence of ſuch a fact would be a reproach to our national dignity. It is enough for us that ſhe does not attempt to invade thoſe rights. The faction may reiterate their clamours about three or four inſtances of impreſſment of natives, as long and as often as they pleaſe, ſtill the aſſertion may be boldly proclaimed, that no nation can ever more ſyſtematically reſpect the rights and privileges of another, than Great Britain does thoſe of America at this day.

But it is needleſs to offer to men of ſenſe, any notices of the groundleſs calumnies with which the Jacobin prints abound. Their lies are not deſigned to meet the eyes of citizens of this claſs. No, they have their cue, and employ them where they ſtrike with more ſure and certain effect. Whether thoſe whoſe minds can be moved with a proſpect of danger from the effect of the malignant ſlanders, ſcattered by the induſtry of the Jacobins, their authors, thro' all quarters of the country, will ever turn their attention to adequate antidotes, ere it be too late, ſeems at preſent doubtful. Cures are generally preferred to preventatives.

A meeting 'tis ſaid has been called in Virginia, for the purpoſe of recommending amendments to the State Conſtitution.—[Should ſalutary alterations take place. it may be hoped they will have ſome influence in reſtoring to political ſoundneſs of mind a majority of the Congreſſional Members from Virginia, and operate to diſband that phalanx of faction which has ſo long diſgraced the *ancient dominion*—a phalanx, one of whoſe file-leaders (*Giles,*) has declared that he has no confidence in the Government—while at the ſame time himſelf and followers have been purſuing a conduct that has rendered them unworthy the confidence and truſt of all who do not wiſh to ſee their country ſubjected to a "*fraternal hug,*" which may place their rights and privileges under foreign controul]

Extract of a letter from the Havannah, dated the 14th ult.

"The ſhip Aſia has been re-captured a few days ago in the old ſtreights, by a Providence privateer, who ſent her for that port, where no doubt ſhe muſt be ſafe arrived—The privateer who took her only arrived 2 days before the prize maſter of the ſhip, who was put on board an American ſchooner by the Engliſh; the French are almoſt diſtracted on account of the loſs of the ſhip—The privateers that were here (except one) are gone to cruiſe on your coaſt for the fall ſhips from England—a few days ago ſeven American veſſels from Jamaica were ſent in here by one privateer: they are immediately ſold under ſecurity of their condemnation being procured from the Cape, which is a thing of courſe."

Post Office, September 5th, 1797.

☞ The Poſt Office will be removed to-morrow at 3 o'clock, P. M. to Mr. Dunlap's Coach houſe, 12th ſtreet, between Market and Cheſnut ſtreet, where merchants and others will pleaſe to ſend for their letters, as the letter carriers during the continuance of the preſent prevailing ſickneſs will not be ſent out.

PRICES OF STOCKS,

Philadelphia, 11th Aug. 1797.

6 per Cent.	16/8	
3 per Cent.	10/4	
Deferred 6 per Cent.	13/4	
BANK United States,	17	per ct. advance.
—— Pennſylvania,	20	do.
—— North America,	46	do.
Inſurance Co. N. A. ſhares	40	do.
—— —— Pennſylvania,	par	

COURSE OF EXCHANGE.

On London, at 30 days	par
—— at 60 days	65
—— at 90 days	62
Amſterdam, per guilder	40
—— 90 days	42

GAZETTE MARINE LIST.

PORT of PHILADELPHIA.

The ſhip Two Siſters, Henry, from Port au Prince home, and ſchooner Yeatman, Crane, hence to the Mole, are taken and ſent into Port de Paix.

Arrived at the Fort, ſhip Jane, M'Pherſon, St. Kitts.

New York, September 4th.

ARRIVED.		Days
Ship Hero, Jackſon,	Bengal	8 months.
John & Phœbe, ——,	Liverpool	71
Flora, Allen,	Charleſton	9
Brig Iris, Lee,	Philadelphia	9
Schr. Americana, Bell,	Wilmington	5
Favourite, Walker,	Richmond	10.
Packet Concord, Cahoon,	Newport	3
Sloop Riſing Sun, Betts,	St. Bartholomew	10

New London, Auguſt 25.

Arrived, ſloop Proſperity, Williams, Martinique. Auguſt 20, ſpoke the ſhip Hope, Pierce, from Teneriffe to N. York, ſupplied him with bread, beef, and water, and 18 of his paſſengers—and on the 23d. bound to Philadelphia, and put the remainder of the paſſengers on board.

Auguſt 26.

Arrived ſchooner Phantom, Smith, in 15 days from New Providence. Two days before he ſailed the American Indiaman lately taken off the Capes of the Delaware arrived there, having been retaken by an Engliſh privateer within 24 hours ſail of Havanna.

Privateering goes on briſkly at Providence tho' ſome of them overſhoot themſelves. Capt. Shackleford of the Snow Harmony, of Portſmouth (the veſſel carried into New-York by captain Conklin) was there, and had recovered damages for the capture of his veſſel, to the amount of near 100,000 dollars.

Baltimore, Sept. 2.

Capt. Barnes, of the ſchooner Treaty, who came paſſenger in the ſchooner Sally, Captain Buſher, arrived at New-Caſtle, 20 days from Gonaives, has obligingly favored us with the following liſt of veſſels at that port Auguſt 9.

Brig Courier, capt. Burr, Philadelphia, brought in a prize; ſloop Maria, Cobb, do. ſchooners Katy, Dillingham, do. Freeport, Codman, Boſton; Thetis, Kilburn, Baltimore, brought in as a prize, and it is tho't will be cleared; Nancy, Putnam, Jeremie, brought in and will be condemned; Lovely Laſs, Parſons, to ſail for Philadelphia in 8 days; Liberty, Harris, Port-de-Paix, bro't in and cleared; ſloop Sally, M'Dowell, Cape Francois.

Capt. Buſher wiſhes publicly to return his thanks to capt. Codman of the ſchooner Freeport, for the friendly and humane treatment himſelf and a number of Americans experienced from him.

The ſhip John, Tyſon, from this port, has arrived at Hamburg—paſſage 30 days.

Wanted,

A Perſon to attend an Office, and act as a Meſſenger. He muſt be well acquainted with the city, and bring unexceptionable recommendations. Inquire of the Printer.

Sept. 5. d1w

PHILADELPHIA,

TUESDAY EVENING, SEPTEMBER 5.

CITY HOSPITAL REPORT,

From 4tht o 5th September, in the Morning.

Admitted, ſince laſt report,

James Mechlin, Mrs. Toy's, Third, corner of German-ſtreet

Ben (a Negro) Peter Brown's, Eſquire, Kenſington

Muna (ditto) Mr. Thompſon's, No. 18c, South Front-ſtreet

John Chapman, Stone-yard, corner of Front and South-ſtreets

John Lellis, Mr. Hertet's, Water, below Almond-ſtreet.

Ann Jane Fottril, Mrs. Larcom's, Front, 3 doors from Almond ſtreet.

John Brown, George's, between Plumb and Shippen ſtreets.

DISCHARGED.

Joſeph Connell, admitted 22d ult.

DIED.

Wm. Henderſon, admitted 3d inſt.		
Jacob Shoemaker,	2d ditto.	
Robert M'Gowan,	1 ditto.	
Remaining in Hoſpital laſt Report.		23
Admitted,		7
		30
Diſcharged	1	
Dead	3	4
Remain in Hoſpital,		26
Convaleſcents 6		
Sick 20		

Three of which are doubtful caſes.

Burials in city burial ground ſince the returns made by Mr. Andrew Brown yeſterday to this morning:—

From the city and ſuburbs	3
From the city hoſpital	3
	6

STEPHEN GIRARD,
(Signed) CALEB LOWNES,
JOHN CONNELLY.

(CIRCULAR.)

GENERAL ORDERS.

Philadelphia, Auguſt 29, 1797.

IN conformity to the Act of Congreſs of June 24th, 1797, containing a requiſition for organizing, arming and equipping, 10,696 of the militia of this ſtate (officers included) and in obedience to the commands of the Governor relative thereto, you are hereby ordered to hold in readineſs to march at a moment's warning, *eight hundred and ſeventeen militia,* from your brigade and to make me returns of your progreſs therein as ſpeedily as poſſible.

By order of the Commander in Chief,

JOS. HARMAR, Adj. Gen.

To LEWIS NICHOLA, Eſq.
Brigade Inſpector for the City of Philadelphia.

WASHINGTON LOTTERY, No. II.

LIST OF PRIZES AND BLANKS.

118th day's Drawing—Aug. 19.

No.	Dols.	No.	Dols.	No.	Dols.	No.	Dols.
134		11368		22097		36505	
401	10	641	10	272	10	626	10
416	10	725	10	374	10	37273	
516	10	12220	10	23609		362	
604		375		851		38161	
736	10	616		24210		182	
913	10	703		384		266	10
1088		13502		520		39212	10
295	10	621		562		622	
2091		672		758		40196	
546		14388		25247		383	
745		693	10	554	10	650	10
783	10	905		885	10	887	10
875		15083		26348		41111	10
3071	10	213	10	27212	10	588	
238		358		489	10	681	
861	10	371	10	626	20	43085	10
961		425		771	10	486	10
4243		628	20	28369		952	
5437		701	10	397	10	44410	
876		16297		29337		439	
6443		17079	10	994		803	
7096		750		30516	25	897	
202		767	10	900		954	10
310		854		31131		45765	
376	10	18335		311	10	776	
379	10	479		529		831	
993		974		605		846	
8255	10	19104		602	10	46673	10
372		517	10	34086	20	47034	10
822	10	20431		601		037	
9906		528		650		975	
10230		605	10	703		48178	
540		625		35463		824	
954		21001		633		963	
998		916		686		49072	
11242	10	268	10	941			
261		502		957			

119th day's drawing, Aug. 21.

889		13069		28846	10	38365	
1350	10	279		924		572	
533	10	671	10	976		885	
630	10	14183		29057		39436	
879	10	555		133		451	
2112		575	50	385		623	
218		797	10	986	25	40222	
3354		15525	10	30509	10	447	20
607		17448		580	50	630	
968	10	817		741		41532	
4064		18527		31034	10	836	
726		19474	10	822	10	963	
5460	10	21034		32677		42654	10
897		820	10	33134	10	44180	
6235		23423		618		310	10
550	20	764		720		332	10
660		805		34251	10	45844	
7729	10	25914		825	10	859	
10117		26109	10	876	10	46699	
222		908		35206	10	47196	
11099		27183		328	10	48536	10
191		798		767	20	762	
12037		988		57397		49110	10
684		28031		38085		225	
855	10	461		328	10	676	

Error in the 117th day—Inſtead of 48193 10 dols.—read 48163 10 dols.

Red Port Wine.

Juſt arrived, by the brig Iris, capt. Rhodes, from Oporto,

Red Port Wine in pipes, hhds. and qua[illegible] 60 cwt. Cork, for ſale by

Phillips, Cramond, & Co.

July 21. 5

FIVE DOLLARS REWARD.

RAN away from the subscriber, an indented Servant Girl, named NANCY ANDERSON, about twenty years of age, short, thick set person, with short black hair; had on when she went away, a dark calico gown, an old black silk cloak, and a black fur hat. Whoever will secure said girl, and give information thereof to the subscriber, No. 2, Greenleaf alley, or to the office of this Gazette, shall receive the above reward.

All persons are forbid harboring said girl, as they will be dealt with as the law directs

MARY ANDERSON,

N. B. Said Girl is from Ireland, and has been in this country but a short time; she was sent to the work-house for misconduct, where she was taken sick and removed to the city-hospital, from which place she made her escape.

August 30. eo3t

To be sold at Public Vendue,

To the highest bidder, at the house of Mr. William Evans, the sign of the Indian Queen, in the city of Baltimore, on the 25th day of October next, at 11 o'clock, A. M

About seven thousand acres of land,

the property of William Bell, of Philadelphia, lying between Reister's-town and Westminster, commonly called Little Winchester, (the turnpike road runs through a considerable part of these lands) the tract begins about 17 miles from Baltimore, within a few hundred yards of said Reister's-town, and extends to the distance of about twenty-three miles from Baltimore, and lies on the main falls of Patapsico river, from three to four miles thereon. Will be sold in tracts of one hundred and fifty to three hundred acre. There is a large proportion of meadow and wood land on each tract, some of them highly improved, with excellent buildings and fine grass,

ALSO

A tract of seven hundred acres of land, called Clover Farms, within five miles of Bladensburg, esteemed very good for Grass. Richard Ponsonby, of Bladensburgh, will shew this land to any person inclined to purchase.

ALSO,

A tract of land of about three hundred and thirty acres, within about two miles and a half of the President's house in the Federal City. It is nearly all wood land, and a fine high prospect, from which may be seen the city of Washington, Bladensburgh, Alexandria and a part of George-town, and many miles down the Potomac river. Mr. Richard Ponsonby, of Bladensburg, will also shew this land.

A liberal credit will be given for the greatest part of the purchase money. The terms will be made known on the day of sale.

May 8 w2m

Just Received,

From Batavia (via Providence)
A few Boxes of Spices, consisting of
Nutmegs, Cloves and Mace
For sale by
WILLINGS & FRANCIS,
Penn street.

MAY 30 dtf

Davis's Law Book Store,

No. 319, High-Street.

GEORGE DAVIS,

BEING busied for some time past in preparations for removing into his present house, has been under the necessity of postponing until this day informing the gentlemen of the Bar generally thro' the United States, that his spring importation of law books is now arranged and ready for sale, on terms that he trusts will entitle him to the like preference he has experienced for several years past.

Catalogues, combining the most varied collection ever imported into this country, are printed and will be delivered on application.

June 27. 2aw 6w

City Commissioners' Office,

June 22, 1797.

IN pursuance of an ordinance from the select and common councils, passed the 22d day of May last, appointing the city commissioners, and prescribing their duties, section 9th,

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN,

That the city is divided into five districts, each to be under the superintendance of one of the city commissioners, who is to be individually responsible for the cleanliness of the same, and are as follow.

District No. 1. From the south side of Cedar-street, to the north side of Spruce-street, under the superintendence of Nathan Boys.

2. From the north side of Spruce-street, to the north side of Walnut-street, under the superintendence of Hugh Roberts.

3. From the north side of Walnut to the south side of High-street, under the superintendence of Joseph Claypoole.

4. From the north side of High-street, to the north side of Mulberry street, under the superintendence of William Moulder.

5. From the north side of Mulberry-street to the north side of Vine-street, under the superintendence of Nicholas Hicks.

The cleaning of High-street to be in common.

☞ A stated meeting of the city commissioners is held at the Old Court House, in High-street, every Tuesday evening at 5 o'clock.

July 14. eo1m

Stands for Draymen, &c.

In pursuance of an Ordinance from the Select and Common Councils, bearing date the 22d day of April, 1797, providing for the appointment of City Commissioners, &c. Sect. the 15th.

THE following places are fixed upon by the said City Commissioners for Stands for Draymen and their Horses.

In Vine-street, eastward of Front-street, on both sides.

Sassafras, High, Chesnut and Walnut-streets, eastward of Front-street, on the north side only.

Mulberry-street, south side from Front to Third-street.

Front-street, east side from Vine-street to Elfrith's alley.

Front-street, from opposite to Black Horse alley to Hamilton's stores, east side.

Water-street, west side from the north end of Stomper's or Moore's stores to Pine-street.

Penn-street from Pine to Cedar-street, west side.

Drawbridge, north side, east of Front-street.

Spruce, Pine and South streets, east of Front street, south side.

Dock-street, between Walnut-street and the flag stone crossings, east side, opposite George Orkley's.

Second-street, between Sassafras and Vine streets, west side.

Fifth-street, east side from Chesnut to Mulberry streets.

Sassafras-street, from Third to Fourth-street, east side.

No dray or horse to stand within ten feet of any pump.

STANDS FOR HACKNEY COACHES.

Pine-street, north side from Fourth to Fifth streets.

Fifth-street, between Chesnut and Walnut streets, west.

Branch-street, north side, between Third and Fourth streets.

July 14. mw&f1m

A Literary Treat.

Just published, handsomely printed on writing paper, price 1 dollar,

A new edition of that popular and entertaining work, entitled

THE FORESTERS, an American Tale; being a sequel to the history of John Bull, the Clothier—In a series of letters to a friend, with the addition of two letters, alluding to recent political transactions in America.

The following extract from the Clavis Allegorica, shews the principal characters that are introduced:

John Bull, the Kingdom of England
His Mother, the Church of England
His Wife, the Parliament
His Sister Peg, the Church of Scotland
His Brother Patrick, Ireland
Lewis, the Kingdom of France
His Mistress, the Old Constitution
His new Wife, the National Representation
Lord Strut, the Kingdom of Spain
Nicholas Frog, the Dutch Republic
The Franks, the French Republic
The Foresters, the United States of America
Robert Lumber, New-Hampshire
John Codline, Massachusetts
Humphrey Plowshare, Connecticut
Roger Carrier, Rhode Island
Peter Bull Frog, New-York
Julius Cæsar, New-Jersey
William Broadbrim, Pennsylvania
Cassimar, Delaware
Walter Pipewood, Virginia
His Grandson, George Washington
Peter Pitch, North Carolina
Charles Indigo, South Carolina
George Trusty, Georgia
Ethan Greenwood, Vermont
Hunter Longknife, Kentucky
Black Cattle, Negro Slaves
Rats, Speculators
Mother Carey's Chickens, Jacobins

☞ This popular and entertaining satirical history of America is attributed to the Rev. Dr. BELKNAP. It has a great share of originality and abounds with genuine humour. It is continued down to the present time, and characterises those late political transactions which have caused so much uneasiness in America.

Sold by H. and P. RICE, Bookseller, No. 16, South Second Street, and No. 50, Market street.

June 26. §

LAW BOOKS,

Latest London and Dublin Editions.

H. & P. RICE, Bookfellers,

No. 16, South Second, and No. 50, Market street, HAVE just received by the late arrivals from London and Dublin, their spring importation, consisting of a variety of the latest and most approved Law Books, which, added to those already on hand, forms the most extensive collection ever offered for sale in this country. They therefore beg leave to notice, that from the nature of their connections in Dublin, they are enabled to sell Irish editions (as they have hitherto done) at the very lowest prices. The following are among the latest publications.

Vesey, jun'rs Reports in Chancery, 2 vols. Peake's Cases at Nisi Prius; Ridgeway's Reports in the time of Lord Hardwicke; Floyer's Procters Practice in the Ecclesiastical Courts; Barton's Treatise on a Suit in Equity; Tidd's Practice of the Court of King's Bench in Personal Actions, 2 parts complete; Ward's Law of Nations; Cruise on Uses; modern Reports, 12 vols. London edition.

H. and P. RICE expect to receive by the first arrival from New-York the 6th vol. complete of Durnford and East's Reports, the 2d part of Gilbert's Law of Evidence by Loft, and a number of new publications.

June 26.

The History of Pennsylvania,

BY ROBERT PROUD,

IS now in the press, and will be published, with all convenient expedition, by ZECHARIAH POULSON, jun. No. 80, Chesnut-street, Philadelphia, where subscriptions will continue to be received, and at the Philadelphia Library, according to the printed proposals, until the work is ready for the subscribers.

July 18. 2awtf

Printed Calicoes.

JOHN MILLER, Jun. & Co.
No. 8 Chesnut-Street,
Have for Sale
FIFTY TRUNKS neatly assorted, very low on short credit.

March 6. §

Richard and James Potter

HAVE removed their Counting House to No. 45, South Fifth-street.

August 2. w&f6t

Lancaster, Harrisburgh Carlisle, Shippensburg and Sunbury

STAGES.

THE public are requested to take notice, that the partnership which has for some time subsisted between Mathias Slough of Lancaster, and William Geer, is now dissolved: but, not as M. Slough insinuates to the public without just cause; as will more fully appear by a letter on the subject from M. Slough to W. Geer, dated the 29th December last. a recital of which is not now deemed necessary. Any gentleman who wishes to be more circumstantially informed of the merits of this business, by applying to W. Geer may have the perusal of M. Slough's letter, and then can be at full liberty to determine whether or not W. Geer is not perfectly justifiable in attaching himself to any other person in the prosecution of the Stage conveyance from Philadelphia to Shippensburg, or any other place.

Now from the liberal and generous support the public were pleased to confer on the first effort in this business, William Geer, in conjunction with Messrs. Reily, Weed and Witmer, is determined to prosecute and carry it on, with every care, attention and dispatch that a zeal to oblige the public can possibly exert.

The above company, who are amply provided with carriages, horses, and every appurtenance to render the passage safe and commodious, inform those who wish to patronize and encourage the undertaking, that they can take their seats at George Weed's, the sign of the White Horse, Market Street, Philadelphia, on every Monday and Friday, to proceed to Lancaster, Harrisburg, Carlisle and Shippensburg. The fare as hitherto established.

For the further accommodation of the public, a Stage will start every Wednesday from the house of Samuel Elder, in Harrisburg, arrive at Sunbury in Northumberland county, every Thursday, and return from thence and arrive at Harrisburg every Saturday, so that passengers destined for Lancaster or Philadelphia, may proceed on Mondays.

WILLIAM GEER.

Lancaster, Jan. 27, 1797.

N. B. This Line of Stages starts from the house of William Ferree, in Lancaster, on every Tuesday and Saturday morning at 6 o'clock, proceeding to the westward; and from the house of MR. Samuel Elder in Harrisburg every Wednesday morning, on the same evening arrives at Patrick Cochran's in Shippensburg, and returns from thence on every Thursday: performing the same routine daily as in its tour from Philadelphia. mawf

City of Washington.

SCHEME
Of the Lottery, No. II,
For the Improvement of the Federal City.

A magnificent dwelling-house		20,000	dollars,
& cash	30,000, are		50,000
1 ditto	15,000 & cash	25,000	40,000
1 ditto	15,000 & cash	15,000	30,000
1 ditto	10,000 & cash	10,000	20,000
1 ditto	5,000 & cash	5,000	10,000
1 ditto	5,000 & cash	5,000	10,000
1 cash prize of			10,000
2 do.	5,000 each, are		10,000
10 do.	1,000		10,000
20 do.	500		10,000
90 do.	100		10,000
200 do.	50		10,000
400 do.	25		10,000
1,000 do.	20		20,000
15,000 do.	10		150,000
16,739 Prizes.			
33,261 Blanks.			
50,000 Tickets, at Eight Dollars,			400,000

N. B. To favour those who may take a quantity of Tickets, the prize of 40,000 dollars will be the LAST drawn ticket, and the 30,000 the LAST but ONE:

And approved notes, securing payment in either money or prizes, in ten days after drawing, will be received for any number not less than 30 tickets.

This Lottery will afford an elegant specimen of the private buildings to be erected in the City of Washington—Two beautiful designs are already selected for the entire fronts on two of the public squares; from these drawings it is proposed to erect two centre and four corner buildings, as soon as possible after this lottery is sold, and to convey them, when complete, to the fortunate adventurers, in the manner described in the scheme for the Hotel Lottery. A nett deduction of five per cent. will be made to defray the necessary expenses of printing, &c. and the surplus will be made a part of the fund intended for the National University, to be erected within the city of Washington.

The real securities given for the payment of the Prizes, are held by the President and two Directors of the Bank of Columbia, and are valued at more than half the amount of the lottery.

SAMUEL BLODGET.

☞ Tickets may be had at the Bank of Columbia; of James West & Co. Baltimore; of Peter Gilman, Boston; of John Hopkins, Richmond; and of Richard Wells, Cooper's Ferry.

mwf

From the Otsego Herald.

CAUTION.

WHEREAS a combination of men in this county have undertaken to enrich themselves, by fabricating titles to sundry valuable tracts of land, the property of gentlemen living in New York, Philadelphia, London and Paris, for which tracts of land large sums of money have been paid to those fraudulent men, by innocent purchasers. It is therefore just that public information should be given, to the end, that the injured may seek redress while the men have property, and are to be found. Those who have been discovered are Truman Harrison, Joseph Witcomb, said now to reside in the county of Saratoga; Thomas Kelly and several others who go under fictitious names. It is supposed that the lands offered for sale on those fabricated titles, are at least worth fifty thousand dollars. Such as we have actual knowledge of are as follows: Lots No. 11 and 12, Otsego patent, thousand acres each, the actual property of William Dellwyn, now of London; lots No. 58 and 64, same patent, thousand acres each, the property of Mr. Chaumont, now of Paris, and James Averill and others, of this State. There is some grounds to suppose that the lands of Richard Wells and Charles Wharton, of Philadelphia, are under their management.—The Printers will do well to give this a place in their papers, as well to caution the public against purchasing those lands, as also to deprive those men in future from imposing on individuals, which their education and address have enabled them to do heretofore. Witcomb has been a shopkeeper of some note in this country.

The following affidavits will set in a clear point of view the wickedness of those men, which when the public have perused, will induce them to excuse the interference of WM. COOPER.

Otsego, July 28th, 1797.

I Thomas Kelly, of the County of Otsego, having been led into an error, by John Witcomb and Truman Harrison, of the same County, to sign a deed to them, for lot No. 58, Otsego patent, which was the property of William T. Franklin now Mr. Chamont's and others; and further the said Joseph and Truman did persuade me to do this against my inclination, which was made out on the 10th day of November, 1793, or set back two years so as to bring it to that time; and further the name of Pardon Starks to that deed was a fictitious name, there being no such person there. To this I make voluntary oath. THOMAS KELLY.

19th July, 1797.

On the 19th July, 1797, came personally before me, Thomas Kelly, the subscriber to the above affidavit, and made solemn oath that it contains nothing but the truth.

ELIHU PHINNEY, Justice of the Peace.

On the 18th July, 1797, came before me Jacob Kibby, a person by me well known and worthy of good credit, who on his solemn oath did say, that two of the parties abovementioned did make application to him this deponent, some time in the winter of 1796, to make them a deed for two thousand acres of land in the Otego patent, and promised this deponent a share of the profits, on the sale of said lands, for his so doing; and that they made application several times for the same purpose, which services this deponent as often refused, declaring to them that he had no right to lands, and could do no such thing; which daring attempt on this deponent's integrity he had related among his friends several times, previous to making this affidavit. JACOB KIBBEY.

Sworn before me,
ELIHU PHINNEY, Justice of the Peace.

Aug. 3. 12aw4w.

Thirty Dollars Reward.

ELOPED from the service of the subscriber, on the 19th instant, a negro man by the name of DICK, about twenty-five years of age, and five feet nine or ten inches high; by trade a carpenter, and is a very lively brisk workman. His countenance is very good—When spoken to, he converses with ease and confidence, and is pretty sagacious. I purchased the said fellow of Mr. Dubney Minor, in whose name he has been advertised in the Richmond newspapers. During his last runaway trip (last summer) he was employed a considerable length of time, by some person near Dumfries, from which circumstance, I conjecture, he has taken another nothern route. I forewarn all persons from giving him employment, of any kind whatever, and masters of vessels and others, from carrying him out of this state. The above reward will be given if he is taken within forty miles of this city; and an additional sum, in proportion to the distance he may be brought, or the trouble and expence the apprehender may be at, in bringing him to this place.

AUG; DAVIS.

N. B. His apparel was of the usual negro kind, but he had more cloaths than is customary for them to possess.

A. D.

Richmond, June 11, 1797.

Will be Landed,

From on board the ship Active, Capt. BLAIR, from Hamburgh,
20 bales white Russia clean Hemp
2 casks Clover Seed
For Sale by
Thomas Herman Leuffer,
North Fifth street, No. 34.

June 26. §

William Blackburn,

LOTTERY AND BROKER'S OFFICE
No. 64 south Second-street.

TICKETS in the Canal Lottery, No. II, which commenced drawing the 29th May, FOR SALE. The price of tickets will rise in proportion as the drawing advances, particularly on account of the five first drawn tickets, prizes of four thousand dollars each, on the last day of drawing.

Check Books kept for examination and registering, in the Canal, No. 2, City of Washington, No. 2, and Paterson Lotteries.

Also, tickets for sale in the Schuylkill bridge and Perkiomen Bridge lotteries, which will begin drawing in the course of the summer.

The business of a Broker in all kinds of Stock, Bills, Notes, Lands, &c. &c. transacted with the utmost attention.

June 2 tu&f

Erskine's View of the War.

JUST PUBLISHED,
By ROBERT CAMPBELL & Co.
No 40 South Second street,
[Price 31 Cents]
A View of the Causes and Consequences of the present War with France.
By the Honorable THOMAS ERSKINE.

May 15 §

STATE TRIALS.

Sold by W. YOUNG, Bookseller, No. 52, South Second-street,

The Pennsylvania State Trials,

CONtaining the impeachment, trial, and acquittal of Francis Hopkinson, Judge of the Court of Admiralty, and John Nicholson, Comptroller General—In one large 8 vo. vol. Price, in boards, 3 dollars.

W. YOUNG has for sale, a general assortment of Books. Also, Stationary, retail and by the package, well assorted, and entitled to the drawback if exported. July 7—

THE SUBSCRIBER having been appointed by the Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary of his Britannic Majesty, General Agent for assisting British creditors, and such particular agents as they may specially authorize, in prosecuting their claims before the commissioners for carrying into effect the sixth article of the *Treaty of Amity, Commerce and Navigation between his Britannic Majesty and the United States of America*, hereby gives notice that he has opened his office at his house the south east corner of Chesnut and fifth streets, Philadelphia, where he is ready to receive all claims or instructions for claims with the vouchers and documents thereof, for the purpose of bringing forward the same agreeably to the rules and orders which the board may think proper to prescribe.

And as it will be for the interest of all concerned, that the several claims be so stated, and supported, as to prevent the delay which would arise from the necessity of obtaining further information, or additional materials, from persons residing at a distance, the general agent thinks it his duty to add, (for the direction chiefly of those, who, not having employed particular agents, may leave the prosecution of their claims to his charge and management) that all such claims ought in particular to set forth—

1st. The proper description and situation of the creditor or claimant, and original debtor, respectively.

2d. The date and nature of the original contract or debt.

3d. When, in what manner, and to what extent, the creditor or claimant was prevented or impeded, by the provision, operation or defect of law, the decisions and practice of courts, or restraint of execution, from recovering payment of the debt in question.

4th. The loss and damage incurred or sustained, in consequence of such impediments, whether the same may have arisen from the insolvency, change of situation, or death of the debtor, the loss of legal remedy from lapse of time, or other causes impairing the value and security of the debt, which would not have so operated if such impediments had not existed.

And 5th. The particular grounds and reasons on which the claimant maintains, in the terms of the treaty, that "by the ordinary course of judicial proings, the creditor cannot now obtain and actually have and receive full and adequate compensation" for the losses and damages so sustained.

The general agent thinks it his duty further to suggest that the several claims ought to be accompanied and supported by the affidavits of the claimants duly sworn and regularly attested, both as to the existence of the debts claimed, and such other circumstances as may be within their own knowledge respectively. And wherever the claimants in stating the nature of their evidence (which must in every instance be the best of which the case is capable) have occasion to refer to the testimony of witnesses, it will be proper to apprise the general agent of the names and places of residence of such witnesses and the facts to be established by their testimony.

Wm. Moore Smith.

Philadelphia, June 8th, 1797. d

For Sale,

That well known place, called VANDEGRIFT'S FERRY,

ON Neshaminy creek, 18 miles from Philadelphia, on the New York post road, containing 74 acres and 94 perches. Upon the premises are a large two story stone house occupied as a tvern, and a good one story stone kitchen, a large frame stable with a good threshing floor, and some out buildings—also a well of good water, and an excellent ice House. On this place is a most elegant situation for a gentleman's seat, commanding a view of the Neshaminy to its junction with the Delaware, and thence across to the Jersey shore. It has the privilege of one half the toll received from the bridge.

For terms apply to the Subscriber,
MORDECAI LEWIS.

May 24. 2tawtf.

COLUMBIA HOUSE

Boarding School for young Ladies.

MRS. GROOMBRIDGE with much pleasure and respect, returns her sincere acknowledgement for the liberal encouragement she has received during four years residence in Philadelphia; and assures her friends and the public, so far from intending to decline her school, she has made a superior arrangement for the more convenient accommodation of her scholars.—Every branch of useful and polite education is particularly attended to by Mrs. Groombridge and masters excelling in their respective professions.

Corner of Spruce and Eleventh Streets.

June 5th, 1797. §1m&f

The situation is perfectly healthy; and made more agreeable by an extensive garden and lot of ground adjoining the house.

Just Published,

And to be had of Messrs. Dobson, Campbell, Rice, Cary, and the other pricipal Bookfellers in the city, price one dollar, twenty-five cents, in boards,

New Views of the Origin of the Tribes and Nations of America.

By BENJAMIN SMITH BARTON, M. D.

June 26. 6t

No. 183.

District of Pennsylvania, to wit:

L. S. BE IT REMEMBERED, that on the fifteenth day of June, in the twenty first year of the Independence of the United States of America, JAMES WOODHOUSE, of the said district, hath deposited in this office the title of a book, the right whereof he claims as author, in the words following, to wit:—

"The Young Chemist's Pocket Companion, "being a Description of a Portable Labaratory, "containing a Philosophical apparatus, and a "great number of Chemical Agents, by which "any person may perform an endless variety of "amusing and instructing Experiments, design-"ed for the use of ladies and gentlemen, and "intended to promote the cultivation of the "Science of Chemistry in the United States of "America. By JAMES WOODHOUSE, M. D. "Professor of Chemistry, in the University of "Pennsylvania, President of the Chemical So-"ciety of Philadelphia, &c.

"At present every thing that is not denomi-"nated Chemistry, is but a small part of a sys-"tem of natural knowledge.

Priestly on Air."

In conformity to the act of the Congress of the United States, intituled, "An act for the encouragement of Learning, by securing the copies of maps, charts, and books to the authors and proprietors of such copies, during the times therein mentioned."

SAMUEL CALDWELL, Clerk of the District of Pennsylvania.

July 18. d3t—wstf

No. 188.

District of Pennsylvania, to wit:

(L. S.) BE IT REMEMBERED, that on the twenty fifth day of July, in the twenty second year of the independence of the United States of America, JOHN FENNO, of the said district, hath deposited in this office the title of a book, the right whereof he claims as proprietor, in the words following, to wit:—

"Observations on certain documents contained "in No. V. and VI. of "The History of the Unit-"ed States for the year 1796," in which the charge "of speculation, against Alexander Hamilton, late "Secretary of the Treasury, is fully refuted—"Written by himself."

In conformity to the act of the Congress of the United States, entituled, "An act for the encouragement of learning, by securing the copies of maps, charts and books to the authors and proprietors of such copies, during the times therein mentioned."

SAMUEL CALDWELL,
Clerk of the District of Pennsylvania.

July 27. w4w

Public Notice is hereby given,

THAT at June term, 1797, a petition was presented to the Court of Common Pleas, held at York Town, in the State of Pennsylvania, at the instance of James Short, praying the Court to supply a lost deed made by a certain Andrew Hickenluber, to Hugh Morrison, James Morrison, and John Sample, executors to Hans Morrison, deceased, for six hundred ——— acres of Land, situate in Menallen township, in the county of York:—All persons who have any objections to make to the object of the said petition are desired to attend at the Court House, in the town of York, on the 5th day of September next, otherwise the lost deed will be supplied.

JOHN EDIE, Clerk.

July 18. eot8s

30 Dollars Reward.

RAN away on Saturday last, two indented Servants, Gifford Dally, a mulatto boy, about 17 years of age, a slim light built active fellow, can read and write, five feet seven or eight inches high, has a heavy countenance; had on a fustian coatee and trowsers, a high crowned hat, fine shoes &c.

Allan Hellons, a black man, about 24 years of age, five feet seven or eight inches high, a thick set clumsy built fellow, particularly about the breech; had on a sailor's blue jacket lined with swanskin, dark striped vest, fustian trowsers, high crowned hat, coarse shoes, &c.; each of them had several shirts and several other cloathes with them. Thirty Dollars will be paid for the runaways, or 15 dollars for each, and reasonable charges, on delivering them at No. 54, North Third-street.

The black fellow is about a year from Lewis Town, in the County of Sussex, state of Delaware, and has taken the boy with him.

July 31. mtu&f3w

CAUTION.

WHEREAS RICHARD LAKE has been attempting to sell a certain messuage or tenement and lot of ground, situated on the south side of Vine-sttreet, in the city of Philadelphia containing in breadth, on Vine-street, sixteen feet, and in depth, southward, seventy five feet, bounded on the north side by Vine-street, on the east by ground late of Samuel Rhodes and Sarah his wife, on the south by ground late of John Pemberton, and on the west by another lot then about to be granted to Joseph Hulings—This is therefore to caution all persons against purchasing the above described property, the same having been mortgaged by the said Richard Lake to William Spade.

SARAH SPADE.

July 14 eo2w

Musical Instrument Manufactory,

No. 167, Arch-Street.

HARPER, harpsichord, grand, portable grand, side-board, pier table and square piano forte maker from London, returns thanks to his friends and the public, for their liberal encouragement, and hopes that by his assiduity and attention to every branch of his business, to merit a continuance of their favors. Piano fortes made on the newest and most approved plans, with pedals, patent, swell, and French harp stop, which he flatters himself will be found on trial by unprejudiced judges, to be equal if not superior to any imported, and twenty per cent cheaper. Any instrument purchased of him, if not approved of in twelve months, he will exchange.

N. B. All kinds of Musical instruments made, tuned, and repaired with the greatest accuracy, dispatch, and on the most reasonable terms, for ready money only.

Second hand Piano Fortes taken in exchange.

May 26. &c2m.

Forty Dollars Reward.

RAN away from the subscriber on the second day of this inst. July, a Mulatto Man, named Will Bowzer, about forty years of age, five feet seven or eight inches high, rather chunky made; had on when he went away, a drab colored cloth coat, striped purple trowsers and jacket. It is probable he will change his cloathes, as he took a number with him. The said fellow formerly belonged to Mr. Charles Blake of this place; and it is expected he has made towards Jones's Neck, in the Delaware State.—Any person apprehending the said fellow, and securing him so that I can get him again, shall receive the above reward if taken out of the county, and Twenty Dollars if in the county, and all reasonable charges if bro't home.

JESSE REED,
Queen Ann's County, Maryland.

July 3. w3t